City of Culver City, California Municipal Bus Lines

(An Enterprise Fund of the City of Culver City)

Independent Auditors' Reports and Financial Statements

For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019



City of Culver City Municipal Bus Lines (An Enterprise Fund of the City of Culver City) For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and the Members of City Council of the City of Culver City
Culver City, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Culver City Municipal Bus Lines (the "CCMBL") Enterprise Fund of the City of Culver City, California (the "City"), which are comprise of the Statements of Net Position as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and Cash Flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the CCMBL's financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the CCMBL as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the Honorable Mayor and the Members of City Council of the City of Culver City
Culver City, California
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Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 1B, the financial statements present only the CCMBL and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City of Culver City, California, as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, the changes in its financial position, and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America required that the Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liabilities and Related Ratios - CalPERS, the Schedule of Contributions - Pensions, the Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liabilities and Related Ratios - OPEB, and the Schedule of Contributions - OPEB on page 36 to 43 be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the CCMBL's financial statements. The Schedule of Sources of Operating Revenues and Capital Grants, the Schedule of Farebox Recovery Ratio Calculation, the Schedule of 50% Expenditures Limitation Test Article IV Funds, and the Schedule of PTMISEA Prop 1B Bond Funds for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the CCMBL's financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the CCMBL's financial statements for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Sources of Operating Revenues and Capital Grants, the Schedule of Farebox Recovery Ratio Calculation, the Schedule of the 50% Expenditures Limitation Test for Article IV Funds, and the PTMISEA Prop 1B Bond Funds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the CCMBL's financial statements as a whole for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019.

To the Honorable Mayor and the Members of City Council of the City of Culver City
Culver City, California
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The Rew Group, LLP

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 29, 2020, on our consideration of the City's internal control over CCMBL's financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over CCMBL's financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over CCMBL's financial reporting and compliance.

Santa Ana, California December 29, 2020 This page intentionally left blank.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE (INCLUDING THOSE CONTAINED IN THE TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT ACT STATUTES AND CALIFORNIA CODES OF REGULATIONS) AND OTHER MATTERS OF THE CULVER CITY MUNICIPAL BUS LINES BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE CULVER CITY MUNICIPAL BUS LINES' FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and the Members of City Council of the City of Culver City
Culver City, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the TDA Statutes and California Codes of Regulations, issued by California Department of Transportation, the financial statements of the Culver City Municipal Bus Lines (the "CCMBL") Enterprise Fund of the City of Culver City, California (the "City"), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 29, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the CCMBL's financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over the CCMBL's financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the CCMBL's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

To the Honorable Mayor and the Members of City Council of the City of Culver City Culver City, California Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the CCMBL's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of the City's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of the CCMBL's financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Santa Ana, California December 29, 2020



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE TRANSIT OPERATOR REQUIRED BY THE TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT ACT AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and the Members of City Council of the City of Culver City
Culver City, California

Report on Compliance for the Transit Operator Required by the Transportation Development Act

We have audited the City of Culver City, California's (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in §6667 of the California Code of Regulation, Title 21, Division 3, Chapter 3, Article 5.5 applicable to the CCMBL's compliance as a Transit Operator for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Management's Responsibility

Compliance with requirements referred to above is the responsibility of the City's management.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Transportation Development Act ("TDA") Statutes and California Code of Regulations, July 2018 ("TDA Guidebook"), issued by the California Department of Transportation Division of Rail and Mass Transportation. Those standards and TDA Guidebook require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the City as transit operator occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with these requirements.

Opinion on the City as Transit Operator

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the City as transit operator for the year ended June 30, 2020.

To the Honorable Mayor and the Members of City Council of the City of Culver City
Culver City, California
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Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a compliance requirement on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses, or significant deficiencies, or material weakness in internal control over compliance. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing on internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of §6667 of the California Codes of Regulation, Title 21, Division 3, Chapter 3, Article 5.5. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Santa Ana, California December 29, 2020

The Red Group, LLP

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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City of Culver City Municipal Bus Lines (An Enterprise Fund of the City of Culver City) **Statements of Net Position** June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalent (Note 2)	\$ 11,225,728	\$ 10,149,640
Accounts receivable, net	110,913	305,106
Interest receivable	34,343	48,566
Due from other governments (Note 3)	6,108,486	4,650,690
Total current assets	17,479,470	15,154,002
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets: (Note 4)	2.057.520	2 442 511
Not being depreciated Being depreciated	3,957,539 67,309,082	3,442,511 65,915,577
Less accumulated depreciation	(35,699,658)	(34,734,271)
Total noncurrent assets	35,566,963	34,623,817
Total assets	53,046,433	49,777,819
1 out about	33,010,133	42,777,012
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension related amounts (Note 8)	3,365,864	2,807,396
Other postemployment benefits related amounts (Note 9)	280,184	373,630
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,646,048	3,181,026
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	2,141,097	936,141
Salaries and benefits payable	413,103	278,633
Unearned revenues	2,476,332	3,000,742
Retention payable	39,787	410.050
Compensated absences, due within one year (Note 7)	584,999	410,058
Total current liabilities	5,655,318	4,625,574
Noncurrent liabilities:	400.044	55 5 500
Compensated absences, due in more than one year (Note 7)	489,941	576,730
Net pension liabilities (Note 8) Net other postemployment benefits liabilities (Note 9)	24,325,971 5,094,772	18,451,568 6,637,555
Total noncurrent liabilities	29,910,684	25,665,853
Total liabilities	35,566,002	30,291,427
1 our moments		30,271,427
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension related amounts (Note 8)	433,149	500,394
Other postemployment benefits related amounts (Note 9)	1,914,950	849,815
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,348,099	1,350,209
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	35,527,176	34,623,817
Unrestricted (deficit)	(16,748,796)	(13,306,608)
Total net position	\$ 18,778,380	\$ 21,317,209

City of Culver City Municipal Bus Lines (An Enterprise Fund of the City of Culver City)

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Charges for services	\$ 1,867,775	\$ 2,908,933
Other revenue	726,495	668,247
Total operating revenues	2,594,270	3,577,180
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Salaries and benefits	20,860,940	15,929,696
Supplies	436,424	418,812
Repairs and maintenance	3,366,173	5,432,101
Insurance	565,172	513,070
Administrative services	1,789,210	1,576,455
Consulting and contractual services	934,583	236,512
Depreciation	3,194,849	3,369,812
Total operating expenses	31,147,351	27,476,458
OPERATING (LOSS)	(28,553,081)	(23,899,278)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Investment earnings	180,153	206,325
Intergovernmental revenue (Note 3)	18,870,628	17,304,703
Measure R sales tax	2,376,766	2,216,259
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	(2,367,875)	(119,691)
Other income	119,971_	433,931
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	19,179,643	20,041,527
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE		
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	(9,373,438)	(3,857,751)
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS:		
Capital contributions	5,665,166	972,164
Transfers in from the City of Culver City	1,469,443	1,372,842
Transfers out to the City of Culver City	(300,000)	(300,000)
Total contributions and transfers	6,834,609	2,045,006
Change in net position	(2,538,829)	(1,812,745)
NET POSITION:		
Beginning of year	21,317,209	23,129,954
End of year	\$ 18,778,380	\$ 21,317,209

City of Culver City Municipal Bus Lines (An Enterprise Fund of the City of Culver City)

Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	 2020	2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Cash received from customers and other	\$ 2,788,463	\$ 3,401,250
Cash payments to suppliers of goods and services	(4,097,396)	(5,665,852)
Cash payments to employees	(15,773,830)	(15,460,601)
Cash payments to administrative services	 (1,789,210)	(1,576,455)
Net cash (used in) operating activities	 (18,871,973)	(19,301,658)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Cash received from operating grants and Measure R sales tax	19,265,188	17,671,956
Transfers to the City of Culver City	(300,000)	(300,000)
Transfers from the City of Culver City	1,469,443	1,372,842
Transit assistance funds received	119,971	433,931
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	20,554,602	19,178,729
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	6,721	128,476
Interest received	194,376	193,633
Cash received from capital grants	5,665,166	972,165
Acquisition of capital assets	 (6,472,804)	(1,906,086)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities	 (606,541)	(611,812)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,076,088	(734,741)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:		
Beginning of year	 10,149,640	 10,884,381
End of year	\$ 11,225,728	\$ 10,149,640
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING (LOSS) TO NET CASH (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating (loss)	\$ (28,553,081)	\$ (23,899,278)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash		
(used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation	3,194,849	3,369,812
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	194,193	103,190
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources - pensions	(558,468)	1,369,497
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources - other postemployment benefits	93,446	69,304
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	1,204,956	655,523
Increase (decrease) in salaries and benefits payable	134,470	7,535
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	88,152	(7,118)
Increase (decrease) in net other postemployment benefits liability	(1,542,783)	(235,615)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liabilities	5,874,403	(458,989)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources - pensions	(67,245)	80,409
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources - other postemployment benefits	1,065,135	(355,928)
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Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. The Reporting Entity

The Culver City Municipal Bus Lines (the "CCMBL") was created by the City of Culver City, California (the "City") in 1928 by resolution of the City Council. The CCMBL follows the uniform system of accounts and records prescribed by the Federal Transit Administration (the "FTA") and the California State Controller. The CCMBL is a component unit of the City.

The CCMBL provides transportation services to the City and surrounding communities. These operations constitute part of the overall financial reporting entity of the City and are accounted for as an enterprise fund in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles within the City's comprehensive annual financial report. The accounting policies of the CCMBL conform to the accrual basis of accounting.

B. Financial Statement Presentations, Measurement Focus, and Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements present only the CCMBL and are not intended to present the financial position, changes in financial position, or cash flows of the City in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP").

The accounting policies of the CCMBL are in conformity with U.S. GAAP applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting principles.

The financial statements are prepared using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

The CCMBL is accounted for as an enterprise fund (proprietary fund type). A fund is an accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts established to record the financial position and results of operations of a specific activity. The activities of enterprise funds closely resemble those of ongoing businesses in which the purpose is to conserve and add to basic resources while meeting operating expenses from current revenues. Enterprise funds account for operations that provide services on a continuous basis and are substantially financed by revenues derived from user charges. The CCMBL utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized as they are incurred.

The CCMBL distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with transportation operations. The principal operating revenues of the CCMBL are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses include cost of sales and services, general and administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

C. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the CCMBL considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. In addition, cash invested in the City's cash management pool and held by trustees are considered to be cash equivalents.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Grant Revenues and Receivables

Grant revenues and receivables are recorded when earned on grants that have been approved and funded by the grantor. Grant sources include Federal Transit Administration, Transportation Development Act, Measure R, Measure M, Proposition 1B, Proposition A, and Proposition C.

E. Capital Assets

The CCMBL's capital assets are capitalized at original acquisition cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market acquisition value at the date of donation. Capital assets acquired under capital leases are recorded at the net present value of the total lease payments. The CCMBL adopts the City's capitalization policy to capitalize assets over \$5,000 with a useful life at least three years. Depreciation is charged to operations, using a straight-line method, based on the estimated useful life of the assets. The estimated useful lives of assets are as follows:

Buildings 50 years
Building improvements 10 to 20 years
Buses and other vehicles 5 to 12 years
Equipment 5 to 10 years
Furniture and fixtures 20 years

F. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue is reported for transactions for which revenue has not yet been earned. Typical transactions recorded as unearned revenues as prepaid charges for services; grants received but not yet earned.

G. Compensated Absences

Liability is recorded for unused vacation and similar compensatory leave balances since the employees' entitlement to these balances are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that virtually all of these balances will be liquidated by either paid time off or payments upon termination or retirement.

Liability is recorded for unused sick leave balances only to the extent that it is probable that the unused balances will result in termination payments. This is estimated by including in the liability the unused balances of employees currently entitled to receive termination payment, as well as those who are expected to become eligible to receive termination benefits as a result of continuing their employment with the City. Other amounts of unused sick leave are excluded from the liability since their payment is contingent solely upon the occurrence of a future event (illness) which is outside the control of the City and the employee.

The City's employees earn vacation leave (vary depending on years of service) based on days of employment. Upon retirement or termination, payment of accumulated vacation may not exceed that which can be accumulated within two years of employment. Unused sick leave, based on days employed, may be accumulated up to certain limits. Upon retirement or termination, employees will be paid a maximum of 720 hours of sick pay.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Pension

For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plans and additions to/deduction from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans (Note 8). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The following timeframes are used for pension reporting:

<u>CalPERS</u>	2020	2019
Valuation Date	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Measurement Period	July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019	July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018

Gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in the further pension expense. The amortization period differs depending on the sources of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over 5 years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

I. Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB") Plan

For the purpose of measuring the total OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plans and additions to/deduction from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans (Note 9). For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at amortized cost.

OPEB	2020	2019
Valuation Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2017
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
Measurement Period	July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020	July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in the further OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the sources of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over 5 years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

City of Culver City Municipal Bus Lines

(An Enterprise Fund of the City of Culver City) Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

J. Net Position

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u>— This component of net position capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of retention payable that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted</u> – This component of net position consists of restricted assets and deferred outflows of resources reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

<u>Unrestricted</u> – This component of net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

K. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimate and assumptions affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions.

L. Reclassification

\$461,701 nonoperating intergovernmental revenue was reclassified to the capital contribution for the year ended June 30, 2019 which also resulted in the same amount of reclassification from cash received from operating grants into the cash received from capital grants. \$389,127 nonoperating other income and \$279,120 insurance credit totaled to \$668,247 were also reclassified to the other operating revenue which also resulted in the same amount of reclassification from cash flows from noncapital financing activities into cash flows from operating activities.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalent

Cash and cash equivalent as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 are reported in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statements of Net Position:	2020	2019	
Cash and cash equivalent	\$ 11,225,728	\$ 10,149,640	

The CCMBL's share of the City's cash and investments at June 30, 2020 and 2019 were \$11,225,728 and \$10,149,640, respectively.

Cash is deposited in the City's internal investment pool, which is reported at the amortized cost. The CCMBL does not own specifically identifiable securities in the City's pool. Interest income is allocated based on average cash balances. Investment policies and associated risk factors applicable to the CCMBL are those of the City and are included in the City's basic financial statements.

For cash flow purposes, all cash and investments of the CCMBL are considered to be cash and cash equivalents due to the funds can be drawn down upon request.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalent (Continued)

For further information regarding cash and investments refer to City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Note 3 – Due from Other Governments and Intergovernmental Revenue

Amounts due from other governments consist of the following at June 30, 2020 and 2019:

	2020	2019
Due from Federal Transit Agency	\$ 2,550,682	\$ 2,644,992
Due from City of Santa Monica	154,964	112,815
Due from Los Angeles Metropolitan Transit Agency	2,640,202	1,150,564
Due from State of California	283,516	383,460
Due from County of Los Angeles	479,122	356,102
Due from City of Torrance	-	848
Due from City of Santa Clarita	-	740
Due from City of Gardena		1,169
Total	\$ 6,108,486	\$ 4,650,690

Intergovernmental revenue consists of the following at June 30, 2020 and 2019:

	2020	2019
State Transit Assistance (STA)	\$ 1,126,006	\$ 1,379,355
Transportation Development Act-Article 4 (LTF)	5,749,508	4,273,279
Caltrans - LCTOP	-	299,582
Proposition A Discretionary	3,566,575	3,526,392
Proposition C	2,329,257	1,490,700
Federal Transit Administration Section 9 Grant (Sect 9/5307)	2,649,426	3,556,555
CNG Excise Tax Credit	48,358	-
Measure M - OP	2,458,354	2,237,563
SB1 - STA	423,267	30,620
SB1 - State of Good Repair Funds	384,053	240,187
Low Carbon Fuel Standard Credits	135,824	270,470
Total	\$ 18,870,628	\$ 17,304,703

Note 4 – Capital Assets

Summary of changes in capital assets for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 were as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2020
Capital asset, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 1,450,214	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,450,214
Construction in progress	1,992,297	2,007,889	(1,086,436)	(406,425)	2,507,325
Total nondepreciable assets	3,442,511	2,007,889	(1,086,436)	(406,425)	3,957,539
Capital asset, being depreciated:					
Machinery and equipment	38,249,652	4,485,508	(547,100)	406,425	42,594,485
Building improvements	27,235,073	19,194	(2,970,522)	-	24,283,745
Furniture and fixtures	430,852				430,852
Total capital assets, being depreciated	65,915,577	4,504,702	(3,517,622)	406,425	67,309,082
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Machinery and equipment	(21,622,105)	(2,526,110)	481,899	-	(23,666,316)
Building improvements	(12,706,181)	(662,921)	1,747,563	-	(11,621,539)
Furniture and fixtures	(405,985)	(5,818)			(411,803)
Total accumulated depreciation	(34,734,271)	(3,194,849)	2,229,462		(35,699,658)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	31,181,306	1,309,853	(1,288,160)	406,425	31,609,424
Total capital assets, net	\$ 34,623,817	\$ 3,317,742	\$ (2,374,596)	\$ -	\$ 35,566,963
	D 1				D. I
	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2019
	July 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Julie 30, 2019
Capital asset, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 1,450,214	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,450,214
Construction in progress	423,478	1,568,819	Ф -	5 -	1,992,297
Total nondepreciable assets	1,873,692	1,568,819			3,442,511
Capital asset, being depreciated:					
	20 (10 220	227.277	(1, (07, 025)		29.240.652
Machinery and equipment	39,610,320	337,267	(1,697,935)	-	38,249,652
Building improvements	27,337,690	337,267	(102,617)	-	27,235,073
Building improvements Furniture and fixtures	27,337,690 446,938	<u> </u>	(102,617) (16,086)	- - -	27,235,073 430,852
Building improvements	27,337,690	337,267	(102,617)	- - - -	27,235,073
Building improvements Furniture and fixtures	27,337,690 446,938	<u> </u>	(102,617) (16,086) (1,816,638)		27,235,073 430,852 65,915,577
Building improvements Furniture and fixtures Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation: Machinery and equipment	27,337,690 446,938 67,394,948 (20,462,465)	337,267	(102,617) (16,086) (1,816,638) 1,500,650		27,235,073 430,852 65,915,577 (21,622,105)
Building improvements Furniture and fixtures Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation: Machinery and equipment Building improvements	27,337,690 446,938 67,394,948 (20,462,465) (12,054,889)	(2,660,290) (703,028)	(102,617) (16,086) (1,816,638) 1,500,650 51,736		27,235,073 430,852 65,915,577 (21,622,105) (12,706,181)
Building improvements Furniture and fixtures Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation: Machinery and equipment Building improvements Furniture and fixtures	27,337,690 446,938 67,394,948 (20,462,465)	(2,660,290) (703,028) (6,494)	(102,617) (16,086) (1,816,638) 1,500,650	-	27,235,073 430,852 65,915,577 (21,622,105)
Building improvements Furniture and fixtures Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation: Machinery and equipment Building improvements Furniture and fixtures Total accumulated depreciation	27,337,690 446,938 67,394,948 (20,462,465) (12,054,889) (415,577) (32,932,931)	(2,660,290) (703,028) (6,494) (3,369,812)	(102,617) (16,086) (1,816,638) 1,500,650 51,736 16,086 1,568,472	- -	27,235,073 430,852 65,915,577 (21,622,105) (12,706,181) (405,985) (34,734,271)
Building improvements Furniture and fixtures Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation: Machinery and equipment Building improvements Furniture and fixtures	27,337,690 446,938 67,394,948 (20,462,465) (12,054,889) (415,577)	(2,660,290) (703,028) (6,494)	(102,617) (16,086) (1,816,638) 1,500,650 51,736 16,086	- - -	27,235,073 430,852 65,915,577 (21,622,105) (12,706,181) (405,985)

Depreciation expenses of the Bus Lines were \$3,194,849 and \$3,369,812 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Note 5 – Self-Insurance Program

The CCMBL is part of the City's self-insured program which covers workers' compensation, general automobile and public liability. The City pays all claims up to \$1,000,000 per occurrence with excess insurance coverage up to statutory limits. The CCMBL also carries an additional policy for general liability covering claims between \$250,000 and \$10,000,000.

As of May 1, 1987, the CCMBL became self-insured for the first \$250,000 of each general liability claim. The City has agreed to support CCMBL in the event it cannot pay its obligation of self-insured liabilities on a timely basis. Refer to the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for information about outstanding claims payable at June 30, 2020 and 2019.

Note 6 – Transactions with the City of Culver City

The City provides administrative services and allocates certain administrative and overhead costs to the CCMBL based upon a cost allocation plan. Costs are allocated based on specific relevant measurable units associated with each department. Such allocated costs applicable to the CCMBL aggregated \$1,789,210 and \$1,576,455 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The City also transferred a portion of its Proposition "A" and "C" Local Return funds, as well as a portion of Measure R Local Return funds, to CCMBL to assist in operations, in the amounts of \$1,469,443 and \$1,372,841 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The CCMBL transferred \$300,000 to the City for both years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 providing financial support to cover eligible overtime costs for the Police Department and portion of Emergency Preparedness Coordinator in the Fire Department.

Note 7 – Long-Term Liabilities

Summary of changes in long-term liabilities activity for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 were as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2020	Due Within One Year	Due in More Than One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 986,788	\$ 1,359,777	\$ (1,271,625)	\$ 1,074,940	\$ 584,999	\$ 489,941
Total	\$ 986,788	\$ 1,359,777	\$ (1,271,625)	\$ 1,074,940	\$ 584,999	\$ 489,941
	Balance at			Balance at	Due Within	Due in More
	July 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2019	One Year	Than One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 993,906	\$ 1,085,923	\$ (1,093,041)	\$ 986,788	\$ 410,058	\$ 576,730
Total	\$ 993,906	\$ 1,085,923	\$ (1,093,041)	\$ 986,788	\$ 410,058	\$ 576,730

Note 8 – California Public Employees' Retirement System - CalPERS

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

The City contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System ("CalPERS"), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for the CCMBL's employees in the miscellaneous plan. CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by the state statute and City ordinance. A full description of the pension plan regarding number of employees covered, benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information are listed in the Annual Actuarial Valuation Report. This report and CalPERS' audited financial statements are publicly available reports that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications (www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications).

Benefit Provided

CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. A classic tier I and II member becomes eligible for Service Retirement upon attainment of age 55 and 60, respectively with at least 5 years of credited service. PEPRA miscellaneous members become eligible for Service Retirement upon attainment of age 62 with at least 5 years of service. The service retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the product of the benefit factor, years of service, and final compensation. The final compensation is the monthly average of the member's highest 36 or 12 consecutive months' full-time equivalent monthly pay. Retirement benefits for classic tier I and tier II employees are calculated as 2.5% and 3.0% of average final 12 and 36 months compensation, respectively. Retirement benefit for PEPRA miscellaneous employees are calculated as 2% of the average final 36 months compensation.

Participant is eligible for non-industrial disability retirement if the participant becomes disabled and has at least 5 years credited service. There is no special age requirement. The standard non-industrial disability retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to 1.8 percent of final compensation, multiplied by service.

Industrial disability benefits are not offered to miscellaneous employees.

An employee's beneficiary may receive the basic death benefit if the employee becomes deceased while actively employed. The employee must be actively employed with the City to be eligible for this benefit. An employee's survivor who is eligible for any other pre-retirement death benefit may choose to receive that death benefit instead of this basic death benefit. The basic death benefit is a lump sum in the amount of the employees' accumulated contributions, where interest is currently credited at 7.65 per year, plus a lump sum in the amount of one month's salary for each completed year of current service, up to a maximum of six months' salary. For purpose of this benefit, one month's salary is defined as the member's average monthly full-time rate of compensation during the 12 months preceding death. Upon the death of a retiree, a one-time lump payment of \$500 will be made to the retiree's designated survivor(s), or to the retiree's estate.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost-of-living adjustment to each employee's retirement allowance. Beginning the second calendar year after the year of retirement, retirement and survivor allowances will be annually adjusted on a compound basis by 2 percent.

Note 8 - California Public Employees' Retirement System - CalPERS (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2018 and 2017, the valuation dates, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms under the City's miscellaneous plan:

Valuation Date	2018	2017
Active employees	124	134
Transferred and terminated employees	119	89
Retired Employees and Beneficiaries	15	12
Total	258	235

Contributions

Section 20814 (c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law ("PERL") requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the measurement periods ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, the active classic miscellaneous tier I employee contribution rate was both 8%; the active classic miscellaneous tier 2 employee contribution rate was bot 7%; the active PEPRA miscellaneous employee contribution rate was both 6.25% of annual pay; the employer's contribution rates were \$8.724% and 8.453% for classic miscellaneous tier I and tier II employees, and the employer's contribution rates were both 6.25% of PEPRA miscellaneous employee annual payroll.

Net Pension Liability

Actuarial Methods and Assumption Used to Determined Total Pension Liability

For the measurement periods ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2018 and 2017 total pension liability, respectively. The June 30, 2019 and the June 30, 2018 total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Note 8 – California Public Employees' Retirement System - CalPERS (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumption Used to Determined Total Pension Liability (Continued)

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 7.15% Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service Investment Rate of Return 7.15% including inflation

Mortality Rate Table¹ Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds.

Post Retirement Benefit Increase In 2019, the lesser of contract COLA or 2.50% until Purchasing

Power Protection allowance floor on purchasing power applies,

2.50% thereafter

In 2018, contract COLA up to 2.00% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies,

2.50% thereafter.

The mortality table used in 2018 was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. Tha table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Change of Assumptions

In 2019, there were no changes in assumptions. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions. There were no changes in the discount rate.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all of the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

¹ The mortality table used in 2019 was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP-2016 published by the Society of Actuaries. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from December 2017 that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Note 8 – California Public Employees' Retirement System - CalPERS (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)

The expected real rates of return by asset class for 2019 and 2018 are as followed:

Asset Class ¹	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 ²	Real Return Years 11+ ³
Global Equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.00%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total	100.00%		

¹ In the System's CAFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the June 30, 2019 and 2018 total pension liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

The CCMBL's proportionate share of net pension liability of the City's miscellaneous plan is determined by the City's CalPERS long term projected contribution made by the CCMBL over the total miscellaneous plan contribution. The following table shows the CCMBL's proportionate share of the City's miscellaneous plan net pension liability over the measurement period periods ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

		Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability		
		(a)		(b)	(0	(a) = (a) - (b)	
Balance at June 30, 2018 (Valuation Date)	\$	62,067,046	\$	43,615,477	\$	18,451,568	
Balance at June 30, 2019 (Measurement Date)		79,789,646		55,463,674		24,325,971	

² An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

³ An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

City of Culver City Municipal Bus Lines

(An Enterprise Fund of the City of Culver City) Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Note 8 – California Public Employees' Retirement System - CalPERS (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Continued)

		Increase (Decrease)						
	To	otal Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (c) = (a) - (b)			
Balance at June 30, 2017 (Valuation Date)	\$	59,828,747	\$	40,918,190	\$	18,910,557		
Balance at June 30, 2018 (Measurement Date)		62,067,046		43,615,477		18,451,568		

The CCMBL's proportionate shares of the net pension liabilities are as follows:

Measurement Date	2019	Measurement Date	2018
June 30, 2018	20.4400%	June 30, 2017	20.4400%
June 30, 2019	24.7000%	June 30, 2018	20.4400%
Change	4.2600%	Change	0.0000%

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Plan as of the measurement date of June 30, 2019 and 2018, calculated using the discount rate of 7.15%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.15%) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.15%) than the current rate:

		Plan's Net Pension Liability								
Measurement Date	Poiscount Rate - 1% easurement Date (6.15%)			rent Discount ate (7.15%)	Discount Rate + 1% (8.15%)					
June 30, 2019	\$	34,859,279	\$	24,325,971	\$	15,608,812				
	Plan's Net Pension Liability									
Measurement Date	Discount Rate - 1% (6.15%)			Current Discount Rate (7.15%)		ount Rate + 1% (8.15%)				
June 30, 2018	\$	26,703,953	\$	18,451,568	\$	11,625,638				

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report and can be obtained from CalPERS' website (www.calpers.ca.gov).

For the measurement periods ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the CCMBL incurred pension expenses of \$7,740,105 and \$2,783,688, respectively.

City of Culver City Municipal Bus Lines (An Enterprise Fund of the City of Culver City) Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Note 8 – California Public Employees' Retirement System - CalPERS (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position (Continued)

As of June 30, 2020 and 2019, the CCMBL has deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows for the miscellaneous plan:

	2020					2019			
	Deferred Outflows of Resources				Deferred Outflows of Resources		Ι	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Contribution made after the measurement date	\$	2,491,415	\$	-	\$	1,792,771	\$	-	
Difference between expected and actual experience		874,449		-		21,601		(165,846)	
Changes of assumptions		-		(179,677)		866,178		(334,548)	
Net difference between projected and actual earning on									
pension plan investments		-		(253,472)		126,846		-	
Total	\$	3,365,864	\$	(433,149)	\$	2,807,396	\$	(500,394)	

The expected average remaining service lifetime ("EARSL") is calculated by dividing the total future service years by the total number of plan participants (active, inactive, and retired). The EARSL for the miscellaneous plan for 2018-2019 and 2017-18 measurement periods were 2.7 and 2.8 years, respectively, which were obtained by dividing the total service years of 4,755 and 4,725 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 1,743 and 1,710 (the total of number of participants: active, inactive, and retired), respectively.

\$2,491,415 and \$1,792,771 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the CCMBL's portion of the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date are recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the years ending June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in the future pension expense as follows:

	Defe	erred Outflows/		Defe	rred Outflows/
Measurement Period	(Inflo	ws) of Resources	Measurement Period	(Inflo	ws) of Resources
Ending June 30		2020	Ending June 30	_	2019
2020	\$	544,274	2019	\$	1,049,336
2021		(80,978)	2020		(16,182)
2022		(78,266)	2021		(407,591)
2023		56,270	2022		(111,332)
2024		-	2023		-
Thereafter			Thereafter		
Total	\$	441,300	Total	\$	514,231

Note 9 – Other Postemployment Benefits Liability ("OPEB")

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description

In addition to the retirement plan described in Note 8, the CCMBL participates in the City's Retiree Health Insurance Program ("OPEB Plan") which provides retiree healthcare benefits for eligible City employees and their spouses who retire with CalPERS pension benefits immediately upon termination of employment from the City. Benefit provisions are established and may be amended by the City Council.

Under the program, the City pays a portion of the premiums for retiree medical coverage as follows:

- Participants who retired before January 1, 2007 are eligible for a City contribution up to 100% of the average of Kaiser and PERS Care Premiums.
- Participants who retired between January 1, 2007 and December 31, 2011 are eligible for a City contribution up to 70% of the PERS Care premium or 95% of the premium for all other plans. Additionally, participants meeting the following additional criteria are also eligible for this benefit level:
 - o Employed with the City as of July 1, 2011.
 - Earned a minimum of twenty years of CalPERS service credit (excluding additional retirement service credit purchased under California Government Code Section 20909, i.e., "Air-Time") as of December 31, 2011.
 - o Earn twenty-five years of service with Culver City and retire from the City prior to January 1, 2022.
- Participants employed by the City as of July 1, 2011 and retired after December 31, 2011 earning a minimum of five years of City service are eligible for the following benefit:
 - o A monthly premium reimbursement of up to \$649 for single coverage, increasing by up to 4% per year.
 - O An additional monthly reimbursement of up to \$567 for his or her enrolled spouse/domestic partner/dependent based on a vesting schedule. This additional reimbursement ends when a spouse or domestic partner becomes Medicare eligible, or when a dependent age out. This amount is subject to an annual increase of up to 4%.
- Employees hired after July 1, 2011 are not considered participants, and are only eligible for the legally required Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act ("PEMHCA") minimum, as stipulated by CalPERS. PEMHCA minimum for calendar year 2020 and 2019 per month, respectively.

City of Culver City Municipal Bus Lines

(An Enterprise Fund of the City of Culver City) Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Note 9 – Other Postemployment Benefits Liability ("OPEB") (Continued)

General Information about the OPEB Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Employees of the City are eligible for retiree health benefits if they are between 50-55 years of age as of the last day of work prior to retirement and are a vested member of CalPERS. Membership in the plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2019, latest valuation date:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2017
Active plan members	150	156
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently		
receiving benefit payments	49	46
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet		
receiving benefit payments	11	2
Total	210	204

Contribution

The obligation of the City to contribute to the plan is established and may be amended by the City Council. For the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the City's average contribution rates were 8.93 and 9.25 percent of covered payroll, respectively. Employees are not required to contribute to the plan.

Net OPEB Liability

The City's Total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2017, respectively.

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2017		
Discount Rate	6.50%	6.50%		
Expected Long-Term Rate of Return	6.50%	6.50%		
Municipal Bond Rate	N/A	N/A		
Source of Municipal Bond Rate	N/A	N/A		
General Inflation	2.75%	2.75%		
Aggregate Payroll Increases	3.00%	3.00%		
Investment Expenses	0.40%	0.40%		
Healthcare Administrative Expenses	0.33% of Premium	0.33% of Premium		
Merit Payroll Increases	CalPERS 1997-2015	CalPERS 1997-2015		
PEMHCA Minimum Amount Increase	4.25%	1.25%		
Mortality	CalPERS 1997-2015	CalPERS 1997-2011		
Termination, Disability	CalPERS 1997-2015	CalPERS 1997-2015		
Mortality Improvement Scale	MP-2019	MP-2017		

Note 9 – Other Postemployment Benefits Liability ("OPEB") (Continued)

Net OPEB Liability (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2018 through June 2019 and the period July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Long-Term Target	Expected Geometric Real			
New Strategic	Return			
44.00%	4.53%			
23.00%	4.93%			
33.00%	1.47%			
100.00%				
	Target New Strategic 44.00% 23.00% 33.00%			

Change of Assumptions

The mortality assumptions were updated to CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study, mortality improvement scale was updated to Scale MP-2019 and Tier IV participation at retirement. Assumption for waived retirees over age 65 was reduced from 60% to 40%.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for measurement periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 was both 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

City of Culver City Municipal Bus Lines (An Enterprise Fund of the City of Culver City) Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Note 9 – Other Postemployment Benefits Liability ("OPEB") (Continued)

Change in the Net OPEB Liability

Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability

The CCMBL's proportionate share of net pension liability of the City's miscellaneous plan is determined by the City's OPEB long term projected contribution made by the CCMBL over the total miscellaneous plan contribution. The following table shows the CCMBL's proportionate share of the City's miscellaneous plan net OPEB liability over the measurement periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019.

	Increase					
	Total OPEB Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)			Net OPEB Liability (c) = (a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2019 (Measurement Date) Balance at June 30, 2020 (Measurement Date)	\$	10,374,444 9,063,280	\$	3,736,890 3,968,508 Increase	\$	6,637,555 5,094,772
	Total OPEB Liability (a)		Plan	Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net OPEB Liability (c) = (a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2018 (Measurement Date) Balance at June 30, 2019 (Measurement Date)	\$	9,994,020 10,374,444	\$	3,120,850 3,736,890	\$	6,873,170 6,637,555

The CCMBL's proportionate shares of the net OPEB liabilities are as follows:

	2020		2019		
June 30, 2019	7.81326%	June 30, 2018	7.81326%		
June 30, 2020	7.81326%	June 30, 2019	7.81326%		
Change	0.0000%	Change	0.0000%		

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Plan as of the measurement date of June 30, 2020 and 2019 calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that 1 percentage-point lower (5.50%) or 1 percentage-point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	Plan's Net OPEB Liability							
Measurement Date		unt Rate - 1% (5.50%)		rent Discount ate (6.50%)	Discount Rate + 1% (7.50%)			
June 30, 2020	\$	6,219,976	\$	5,094,772	\$	4,161,465		
		Pla	an's N	et OPEB Liabil	lity			
	Discount Rate - 1%		Curi	ent Discount	Discount Rate + 1%			
Measurement Date		(5.50%)	Ra	ate (6.50%)		(7.50%)		
June 30, 2019	\$	7,969,283	\$	6,637,555	\$	5,537,191		

Note 9 – Other Postemployment Benefits Liability ("OPEB") (Continued)

Change in the Net OPEB Liability (Continued)

Sensitivity of the net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the CCMBL, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent decreasing to 3.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent decreasing to 5.00 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates for the measurement period June 30, 2020:

	Plan's Net OPEB Liability					
	Discount Rate - 1%	Healthcare Cost	Discount Rate + 1%			
	Tread Rates					
	(6.25% decreasing	(7.25% decreasing	(8.25% decreasing			
Measurement Date	to 3.00%)	to 4.00%)	to 5.00%)			
June 30, 2020	\$ 4,133,726	\$ 5,094,772	\$ 6,180,908			

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the CCMBL, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (6.50 percent decreasing to 3.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50 percent decreasing to 5.00 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates for the measurement period June 30, 2019:

	Plan's Net OPEB Liability						
	Discount Rate - 1%		Healthcare Cost		Discount Rate + 1%		
		Tread Rates					
	(6.50% decreasing		(7.50)	% decreasing	(8.50% decreasing		
Measurement Date	to 3.00%)		to 4.00%)		to 5.00%)		
June 30, 2019	\$	8,178,686	\$	6,637,555	\$	5,796,423	

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued plan financial report.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the measurement periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the CCMBL has incurred OPEB expenses (credits) of \$(384,202) and \$351,078, respectively. At June 30, 2020 and 2019, the CCMBL reported deferred outflows of resources and inflows of resources related to OPEB as follows.

2020				2019			
Defer	red Outflows	Def	erred Inflows	Defer	red Outflows	Def	erred Inflows
of Resources		of Resources		of Resources		of Resources	
\$	-	\$	(1,762,287)	\$	-	\$	(812,814)
	280,184		(138,271)		373,630		(11,485)
	-		(14,392)		-		(25,516)
\$	280,184	\$	(1,914,950)	\$	373,630	\$	(849,815)
	of	Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ - 280,184	Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ - 280,184	Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ - (1,762,287) 280,184 (138,271) - (14,392)	Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ - \$ (1,762,287) \$ (138,271) - (14,392) - (14,392)	Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ - (1,762,287) \$ - (138,271) 373,630 - (14,392) - (14,392) - (14,392)	Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ - \$ (1,762,287) \$ - \$ 280,184 \$ 373,630 - (14,392) - - -

City of Culver City Municipal Bus Lines (An Enterprise Fund of the City of Culver City) Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Note 9 – Other Postemployment Benefits Liability ("OPEB") (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Amount reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

	De	eferred Outflows/		Def	erred Outflows/
Measurement Period	(Inf	lows) of Resources	Measurement Period	(Infle	ows) of Resources
Ending June 30		2020	Ending June 30		2019
2021	\$	(374,316)	2020	\$	(254,548)
2022		(351,814)	2021		(92,188)
2023		(342,125)	2022		(69,686)
2024		(282,128)	2023		(59,763)
2025		(284,383)	2024		-
Thereafter		<u>-</u>	Thereafter		
Total	\$	(1,634,766)	Total	\$	(476,185)

Note 10 – Deficit Net Position

The CCMBL had a deficit unrestricted net position at June 30, 2020 and 2019 in the amount of \$(16,748,796) and \$(13,306,608), respectively. It was mainly due to the implementation of new accounting standards for net pension liabilities and net other postemployment benefits liabilities. The net pension liabilities were \$24,325,971 and \$18,451,568 at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The net other postemployment benefits liabilities were \$5,094,772 and \$6,637,555 at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

City of Culver City Municipal Bus Lines

(An Enterprise Fund of the City of Culver City)

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of the CCMBL' Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Last Ten Fiscal Years

California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - CCMBL

Measurement Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
CCMBL's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	24.70000%	20.44000%	20.44000%	20.44000%	20.44000%
CCMBL's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$24,325,971	\$18,451,568	\$18,910,557	\$17,120,152	\$14,330,705
CCMBL's Covered Payroll	\$ 7,643,027	\$ 7,449,189	\$ 7,517,154	\$ 6,854,973	\$ 6,176,208
CCMBL's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll	318.28%	247.70%	251.57%	249.75%	232.03%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	69.51%	70.27%	68.39%	68.56%	72.43%

¹Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is presented for periods after GASB 68 implementation in 2013-14

Notes to Schedule:

Change in Benefit Terms: There were no changes in benefit terms.

Changes of Assumptions: In 2019, there were no changes. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate. In 2017, the discount rate reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.50 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense). In 2014, amounts reported were based on 7.50 percent discount rate.

City of Culver City Municipal Bus Lines (An Enterprise Fund of the City of Culver City)

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of the CCMBL' Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Last Ten Fiscal Years

California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - CCMBL

Measurement Date	June 30, 2014 ¹
CCMBL's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	20.44000%
CCMBL's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability CCMBL's Covered Payroll	\$12,986,467 \$5,640,100
CCMBL's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll	230.25%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	73.87%_

City of Culver City Municipal Bus Lines (An Enterprise Fund of the City of Culver City) Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of the CCMBL' Contributions - Pensions For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Last Ten Fiscal Years California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - CCMBL

	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 2,491,415	\$ 1,792,771	\$ 1,496,865	\$ 1,471,312	\$ 1,362,229
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(2,491,415)	(1,792,771)	(1,496,865)	(1,471,312)	(1,362,229)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll ²	\$ 8,065,055	\$ 7,643,027	\$ 7,517,154	\$ 7,413,221	\$ 6,854,973
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	30.89%	23.46%	19.91%	19.85%	19.87%

¹Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is presented for periods after GASB 68 implementation in 2013-14

Notes to Schedule:

Change in Benefit Terms: There were no changes in benefit terms.

Changes of Assumptions: In 2019, there were no changes. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate. In 2017, the discount rate reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.50 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense). In 2014, amounts reported were based on 7.50 percent discount rate.

² Covered payroll represented above is based on pensionable earnings provided by the City.

City of Culver City Municipal Bus Lines (An Enterprise Fund of the City of Culver City)

(An Enterprise Fund of the City of Culver City)
Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)
Schedule of the CCMBL' Contributions - Pensions (Continued)
For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Last Ten Fiscal Years

California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - CCMBL

	2014-15	2013-141
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,150,885	\$ 1,327,657
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(1,150,885)	(1,327,657)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll ²	\$ 6,176,208	\$ 5,640,100
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	18.63%	23.54%

City of Culver City Municipal Bus Lines

(An Enterprise Fund of the City of Culver City)

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of the CCMBL' Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB and Related Ratios For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) - CCMBL

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
CCMBL's Proportion of the OPEB Liability	7.81326%	7.81326%	7.81326%	7.81326%	7.81326%
CCMBL's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability	\$ 5,094,772	\$ 6,637,555	\$ 6,873,170	\$ 7,492,215	\$ 7,758,412
CCMBL's Covered Payroll	\$ 8,065,055	\$ 7,643,027	\$ 7,517,154	\$ 7,413,221	\$ 6,854,973
CCMBL's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll	63.17%	86.84%	91.43%	101.07%	113.18%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	43.79%	36.02%	31.23%	24.80%	18.96%

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is presented for periods after GASB 75 implementation in 2014-15.

City of Culver City Municipal Bus Lines (An Enterprise Fund of the City of Culver City)

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of the CCMBL' Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB and Related Ratios (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) - CCMBL

	June 30, 2015 ¹
CCMBL's Proportion of the OPEB Liability	7.81326%
CCMBL's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability	\$ 8,784,061
CCMBL's Covered Payroll CCMBL's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll	\$ 6,176,208 142.22%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	13.47%

City of Culver City Municipal Bus Lines

(An Enterprise Fund of the City of Culver City) Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of the Contributions - OPEB For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) - CCMBL

	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16
Actuarially determined contributions ²	\$ 720,304	\$ 707,022	\$ 694,208	\$ 736,165	\$ 722,023
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	(474,525)	(873,238)	(854,771)	(862,350)	(880,007)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 245,779	\$ (166,216)	\$ (160,562)	\$ (126,184)	\$ (157,984)
Covered payroll	\$8,065,055	\$ 7,643,027	\$ 7,517,154	\$ 7,413,221	\$ 6,854,973
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	8.93%	9.25%	9.23%	9.93%	10.53%

¹ GASB 75 requires this information for plans funding with OPEB trusts be reported in the employer's required Supplementary Information for 10 years or as many years as are available upon implementation. The plan was not funded with an OPEB trust prior to 6/30/12.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date:

June 30, 2017 Actuarially Determined Contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Cost Method
Amortization method Level percentage of payroll

Remaining amortization period 20-year fixed period for the 2019/20 ADC

Asset valuation method Investment gains and losses spread over a 5-year rolling period.

Inflation 2.75%

Non-Medicare: 7.50% for 2019, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.00% in

2076;

Medical trend Medicare: 6.50% for 2019, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.00% in 2076.

Salary increases 3.00% Investment rate of return 6.50%

Retirement age Based on CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study.

Mortality CalPERS 1997-2011 experience study

²TheJune 30, 2015 actuarial valuation provided the Actuarially Determined Contributions for fiscal years ended 6/30/16 and 6/30/17 and June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation provided the Actuarially Determined Contributions for fiscal year ended 6/30/18 and 6/30/19.

City of Culver City Municipal Bus Lines (An Enterprise Fund of the City of Culver City) **Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of the Contributions - OPEB (Continued)** For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) - CCMBL

	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-121
Actuarially determined contributions ²	\$ 770,778	\$ 763,981	\$ 673,581	\$ 660,690
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	(770,778)	(783,514)	(596,230)	(596,542)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ (19,533)	\$ 77,351	\$ 64,148
Covered payroll	\$ 6,176,208	\$ 5,640,100	\$ 5,837,227	\$ 5,527,398
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.48%	13.55%	11.54%	11.95%

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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City of Culver City Municipal Bus Lines (An Enterprise Fund of the City of Culver City) Supplementary Information

For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Schedule of Sources of Operating Revenues and Capital Grants

	2020		2019	
The following is detail of the sources of operating revenues received:				
Passenger fares, TAP Card, EZ Pass, BruinGo, and Miscellaneous Revenue	\$	1,867,775	\$	2,908,933
Operating Grants:				
Capital grant revenues used to fund operating expenses (FTA) (sec 9/5307)		2,649,427		3,556,553
Transportation Development Act-Article 4 (LTF)		5,749,508		4,273,280
State Transit Assistance (STA)		1,126,006		1,379,355
Proposition A Discretionary		3,566,575		3,526,392
Proposition C Transit Service Expansion		252,811		164,783
Proposition C BSIP Overcrowding		176,666		172,727
Proposition C Foothill Mitigation		217,384		195,526
Proposition C Discretionary Operating (security)		404,087		457,664
Proposition C Discretionary - MOSIP		1,278,309		500,000
Measure R - Sales Tax		2,376,766		2,216,259
Caltrans - LCTOP		-		299,582
Measure M - OP		2,458,354		2,237,563
SB1 - STA		423,267		30,620
SB1 - State of Good Repair Funds		384,053		240,187
Total operating grants		21,063,213		19,250,491
Other revenues:				
CNG excise tax credit		48,358		-
Interest earnings		180,153		206,325
Miscellaneous		846,466		1,102,178
Proposition C local return (transfer in)		410,737		343,757
Proposition A local return (transfer in)		807,503		784,926
Measure R (transfer in)		251,203		244,159
LCFS credit		135,823		270,471
Total other revenues		2,680,243		2,951,816
Total passenger fares, operating grants and other revenues	\$	25,611,231	\$	25,111,240
Capital grants/revenues:				
Proposition C Discretionary - MOSIP	\$	163,155	\$	211,869
LAWA Settlement Funds		125,000		-
AQMD - Discretionary		1,130		-
Federal Transit Administration Section 9 Grant (Sect 9/5307)		60,998		428,750
MTA projects		3,473,582		189,141
Proposition 1B Metro Bridge/Metro Bridge Transit Security		402,419		109,452
Prop 1B PTMISEA capital		572,013		32,952
Others - Farebox and Station		853,219		-
Miscellaneous capital related revenues		13,650		-
Total capital grants/revenues	\$	5,665,166	\$	972,164

City of Culver City Municipal Bus Lines (An Enterprise Fund of the City of Culver City) Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Schedule of Farebox Recovery Ratio Calculation

The CCMBL is subject to the provisions of TDA Section 99268.3 and must maintain a minimum fare ratio of 20%. In 2004, various regulatory changes (including the Salinas Act) were made to the components of this calculation.

For the year ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, the CCMBL's Farebox recovery ratio of operating revenues to operating expenses were as follows:

	 2020	2019		
Operating revenues:				
Passenger fares	\$ 1,867,775	\$	2,908,933	
Local support:				
Measure R Operating Revenues, net	2,376,766		1,553,550	
Measure M Operating Revenues, net	1,005,529		-	
Bus Advertising and Rent/Concessions	340,490		303,281	
Total operating revenues	\$ 5,590,560	\$	4,765,764	
Operating expenses	\$ 31,147,351	\$	27,476,458	
Less: Depreciation expense				
Less: Depreciation expense	(3,194,849)		(3,369,812)	
Total operating expenses, excluding depreciation	\$ 27,952,502	\$	24,106,646	
Farebox recovery ratio	20%	20%		

City of Culver City Municipal Bus Lines (An Enterprise Fund of the City of Culver City) **Supplementary Information (Continued)** For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Schedule of 50% Expenditures Limitation Test Article IV Funds

		2020	2019
1	Total operating expenses before depreciation	\$ 27,952,502	\$24,106,646
2	Total depreciation	3,194,849	3,369,812
3	Total capital outlay	6,512,591	1,906,086
4	Debt service requirement (principal)		
5	Total (lines 1, 2, 3, and 4)	37,659,942	29,382,544
6	Less federal grants expended	2,710,425	3,985,303
7	Less Local Transportation Fund capital intensive programs	-	-
8	Less State Transit Assistance Fund/SB1 Fund monies received	1,549,273	1,379,355
9	Total (lines 6, 7, and 8)	4,259,698	5,364,658
10	Total (lines 5 less 9)	33,400,244	24,017,886
11	50% of line 10	16,700,122	12,008,943
12	Add amount of Local Transportation Funds claimed in excess of line 9 for match to federal operating grants	-	-
13	Add Local Transportation Funds Capital Intensive Programs		
14	Total permissible Local Transportation Funds expenditures (Sum of lines 11, 12, and 13)	\$ 16,700,122	\$12,008,943

City of Culver City Municipal Bus Lines (An Enterprise Fund of the City of Culver City) Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Schedule of PTMISEA Proposition 1B Bond Funds

Proposition 1B – The Public Transportation Modernization, Improvement and Service Enhancement Account (PTMISEA) Fund is a part of the State of California's Highway Safety, Traffic Reduction, Air Quality, and Port Security Bond Act of 2006 (Bond Act), approved by California voters as Proposition 1B on November 7, 2006. A total of \$19.8 billion was deposited into the PTMISEA fund, \$3.6 billion of which was made available to fund grants to project sponsors in California for approved eligible public transportation projects over a 10-year period. Proposition 1B funds can be used for rehabilitation, safety or modernization improvements, capital service enhancements or expansions, new capital projects, bus rapid transit improvements, or for rolling stock procurement, rehabilitation or replacement.

The Proposition 1B activity for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

	2020		2019	
Unspent Prop 1B funds, beginning	\$ 930,891	\$	950,000	
Proposition 1B funds allocated during fiscal year	572,013		32,952	
Interest earned on unspent funds	7,290		13,844	
Expense incurred	(1,138,331)		(65,905)	
Unexpended project allocations, ending	\$ 371,863	\$	930,891	