

What most people like

What gets (mostly) built in L.A.

















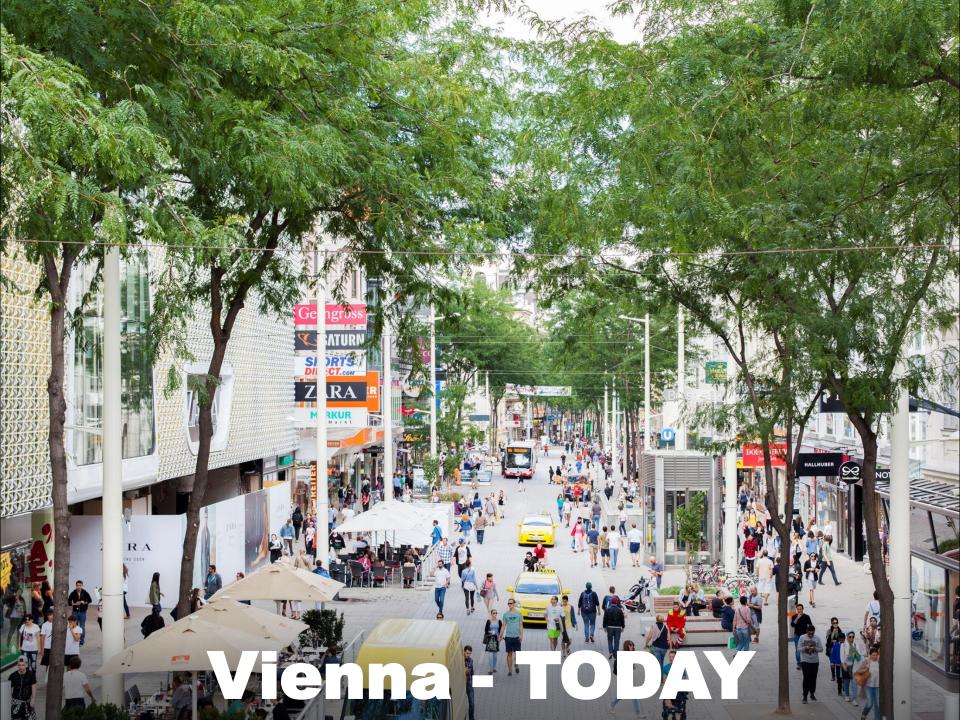














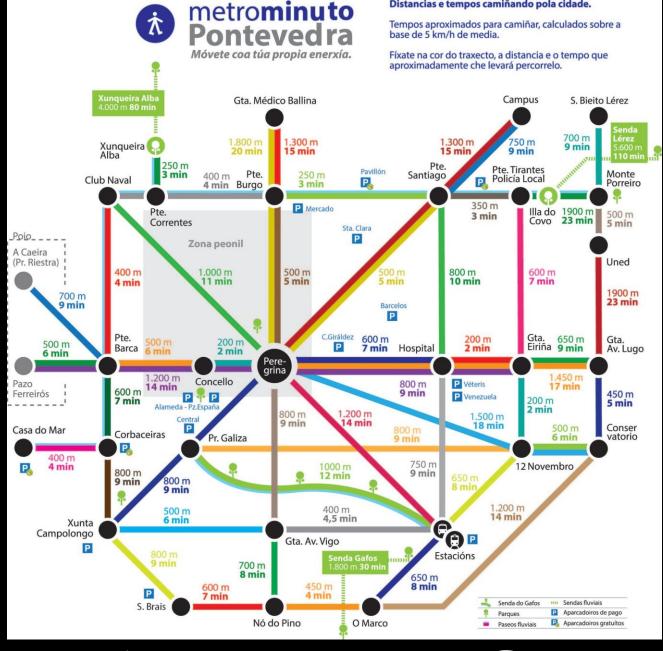


Andrew Winning/Reuters

Spain Wants to Ban Cars in Dozens of Cities, and the Public's on Board



Pontevedra - TODAY



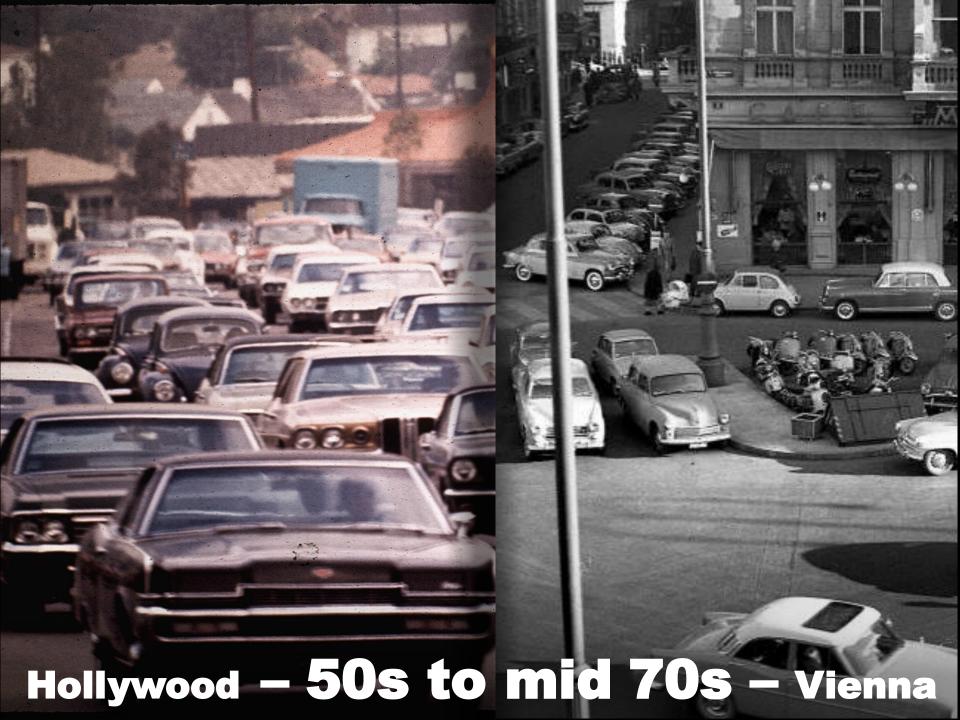
Pontevedra - TODAY













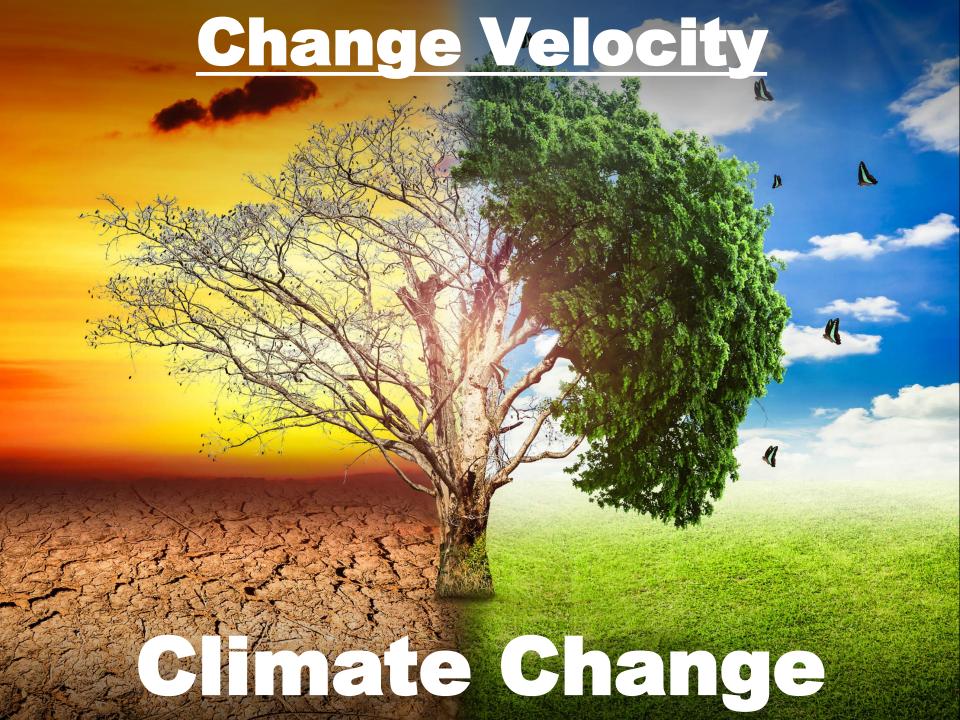
Change Velocity

The challenge: it is many things that need changing...

- Different Zoning Models
- Different Mobility Options
 - Different Building Types
 - Different Street Design
 - More Transit
 - More Open Spaces
- Invite more/different people to build
 - Create walkable neighborhoods
 - Reinvent/reregulate parking
- Recapture land from excessively wide roads
 - Change urban fabric
 - · Etc.

And it won't really work well until you have done it ALL...

And we will need to help people learn how to live with a different city!





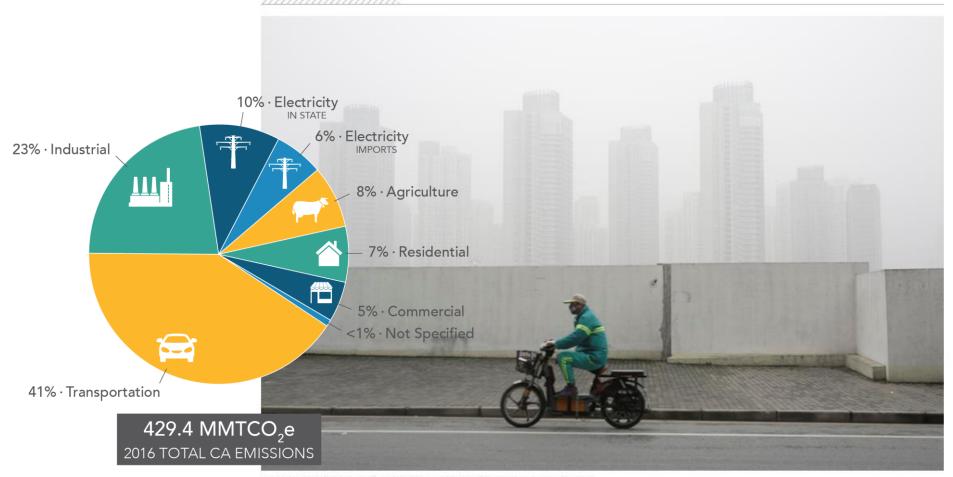
Extinction Rebellion

Around the year 2030, we will be in a position where we set off an irreversible chain reaction beyond human control, that will most likely lead to the end of our civilisation as we know it. That is unless in that time, permanent and unprecedented changes in all aspects of society have taken place, including a reduction of CO2 emissions by at least 50%.

Sometimes we just simply have to find a way. The moment we decide to fulfil something, we can do anything. And I'm sure that the moment we start behaving as if we were in an emergency, we can avoid climate and ecological catastrophe. Humans are very adaptable: we can still fix this. But the opportunity to do so will not last for long. We must start today. We have no more.

You don't listen to the science because you are only interested in solutions that will enable you to carry on like before. Like now. And those answers don't exist any more. Because you did not act in time.

Greta Thunberg (16) in a speech to the MPs at the Houses of Parliament in the UK

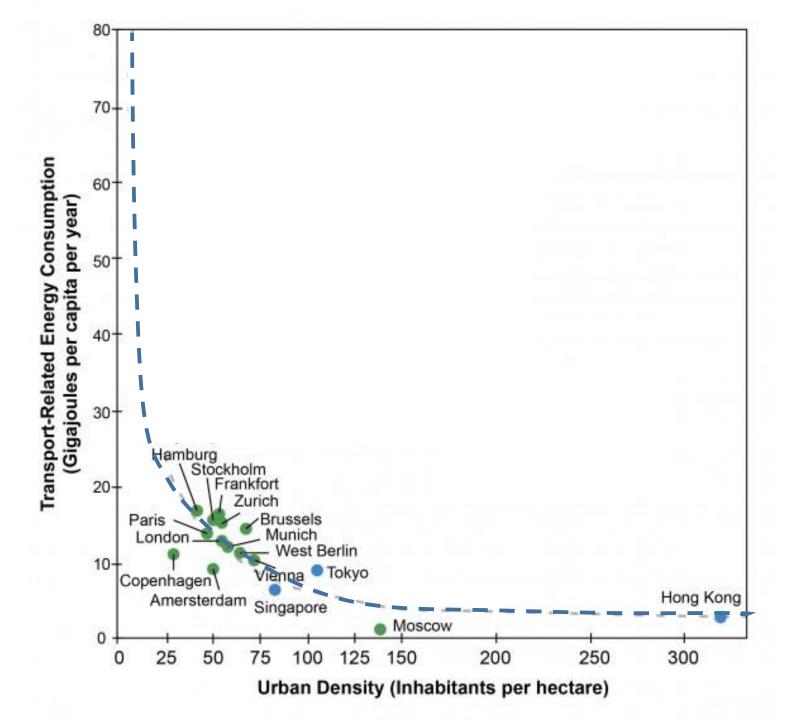


A man on an electric bike rides through heavy smog in Shanghai, China. // Aly Song/Reuters

PERSPECTIVE

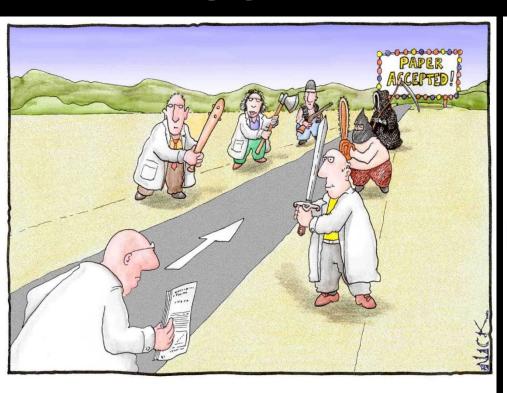
To Avoid Climate Disaster, Urban Transportation Must Change, Now

Cities have a key role to play in confronting climate change, and it starts with shared mobility—and taking back the streets from the private car.

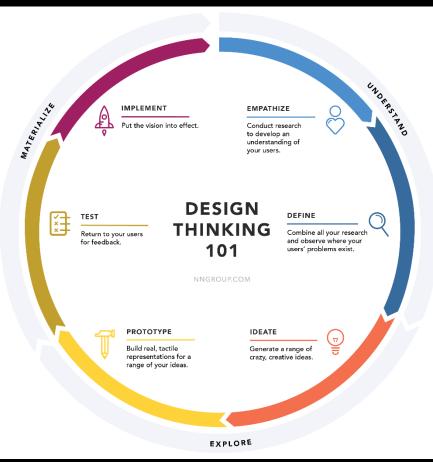


USA

EUROPE



Most scientists regarded the new streamlined peer-review process as 'quite an improvement.'



Linear thinking Change Cities -Incrementally

Leap-frogging Make Cities Better - FAST





ECODISTRICT

(Internationale Bau Ausstellung = International Building Exhibit)

3 Imperatives:

- Equity
- Resilience
- Climate Protection

Works well in cities where alterations to buildings and urban typology are not a primary focus.

Essentially an Eco-District, plus

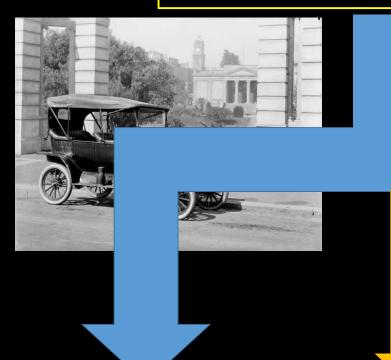
- Experiments in Zoning
- Experiments in Planning Process
 - Modifications and Inventions to Urban Form
 - **New Building Typologies**



EUROPE

5000 years of urbanization

World War I and the beginning of industrialization





Euclid vs. Ambler Realty - 1926

CIAM >> Towers in a park
A new way of building cities



Internationale Bau Ausstellung Stuttgart
One of the most important testimonies of the new way of building...

EUROPE



1939 World's Fair >> Suburbia!





EUROPE

1960s Europe - Evidence is piling up that the post war development model is destroying older cities, leads to pollution and congestion

1964 World's Fair in NY

Jane Jacobs vs. Robert Moses late 50s to 60s

Club of Rome 1972 – 'The limits to growth'

Oil Crisis 1973



IBA Berlin 1974- 1987

into three units, residential, commercial and industrial. Nine miles out from the city is a vast airport. outmoded business sections and undesirable slum areas.



EUROPE

1960s Europe - Evidence is piling up that the post war development model is destroying older cities, leads to pollution and congestion

1964 World's Fair in NY

Jane Jacobs vs. Robert Moses late 50s to 60s

Club of Rome 1972 – 'The limits to growth'

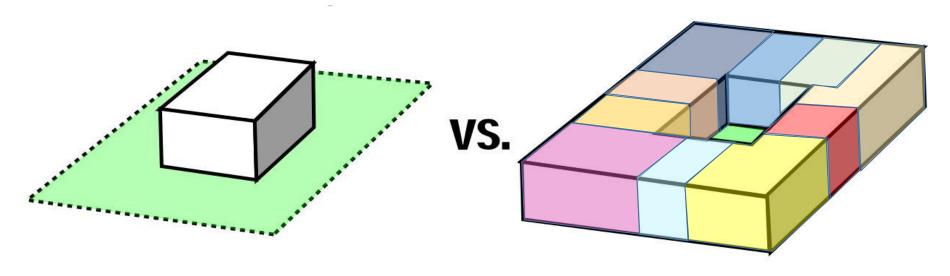
Oil Crisis 1973

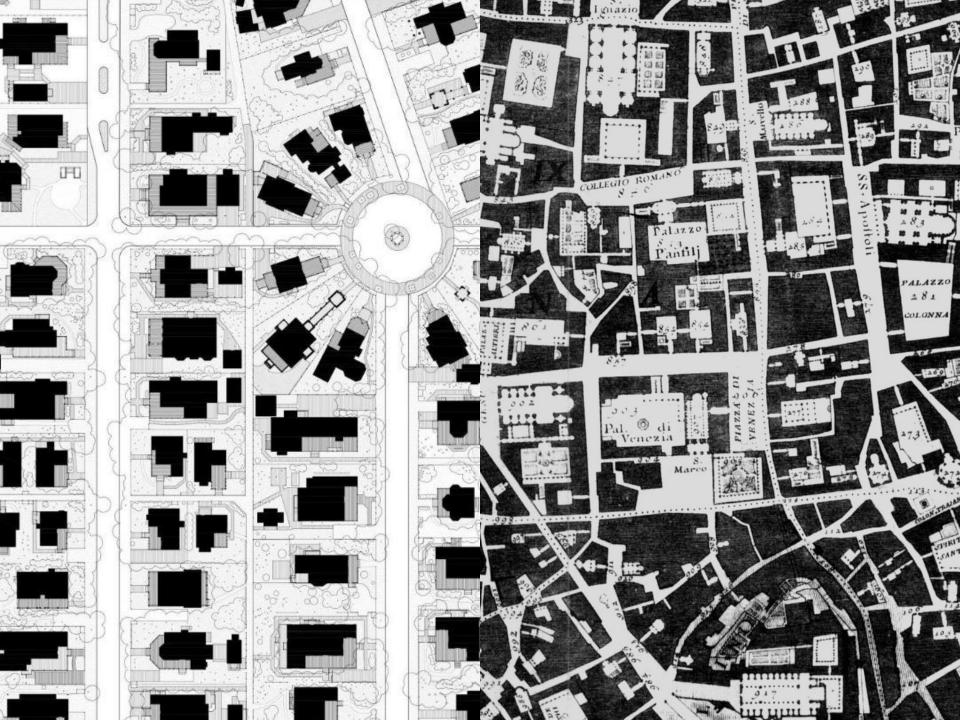
IBA Berlin 1974- 1987



Open Building Urban
Typology
Rural Areas
Buildings surrounded by
space
Usually individual project,
regardless how big
'Suburban Space'

Closed Building Urban
Typology
Towns and Villages
Space surrounded by
buildings
Executed over multiple
projects/properties
'Urban Space'













THE WORLD'S POPULATION, CONCENTRATED

If the world's 6.9 billion people lived in one city, how large would that city be if it were as dense as...





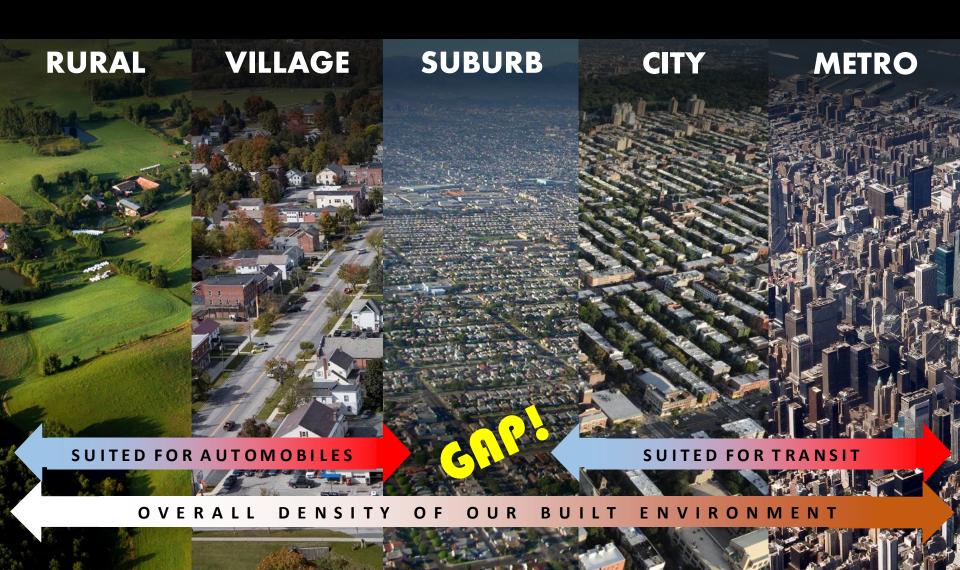














Internationale Bau Ausstellung Berlin
The rediscovery and recovery of the traditional city...

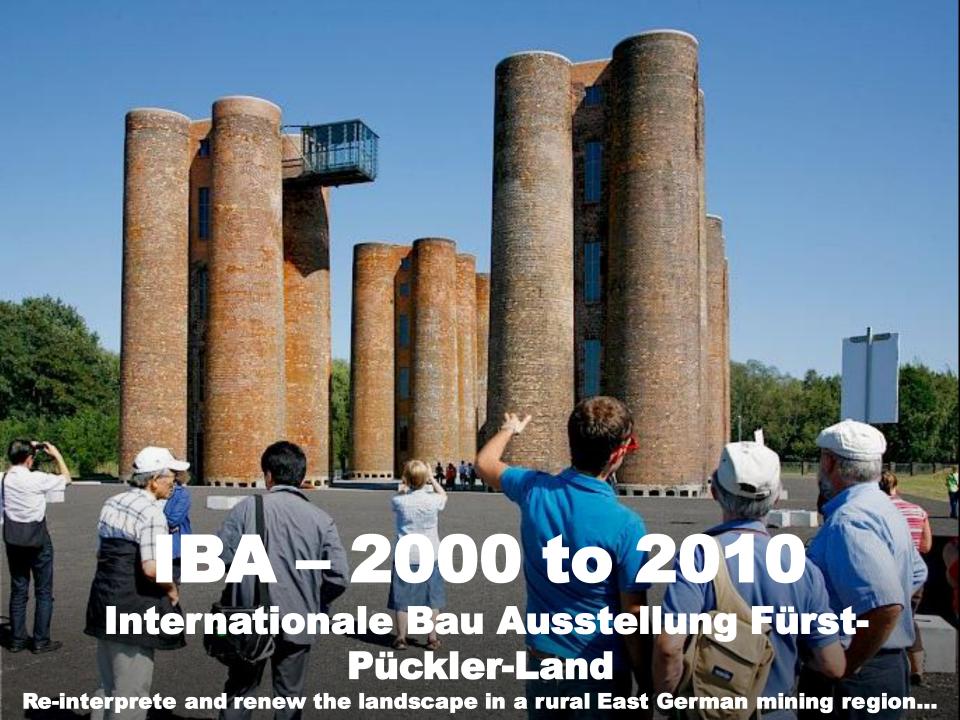














Internationale Bau Ausstellung Urban Change

Entire state of Saxony – 19 cities; model projects for urban development through demographic change, social cohesion and economic transformation.











Castres is one of 222 cities included in a €5 billion plan to revitalize urban cores throughout France. // Claudio Giovanni Colombo/Shutterstock

France Plans an Extreme Makeover for **Struggling Small Cities**

FEARGUS O'SULLIVAN MAY 2, 2018





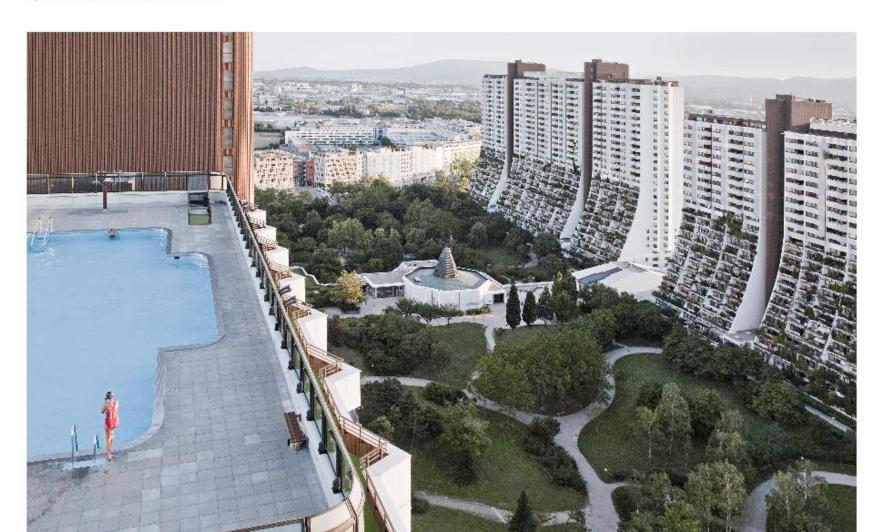






The city that solved homelessness

by Joe Copeland / June 27, 2017





IBA - 2016 to 2022

Internationale Bau Ausstellung Viennato find new ways to offer affordable and high quality living space in a liveable city.









Exactly 100 years after avant-garde architects from throughout Europe presented their radical "exemplary residential program for modern metropolitan man" at Stuttgart's Weissenhofsiedlung, the IBA 2027 will aim to find new answers to the questions of how we live, work and house in today's digital, globalised world.

PROCESS (lasts typically 8-12 years)

<u>Phase 1</u> – **Initiation**; identifies the core issues addressed during the IBA. Establish IBA legal structure. Appoint board of trustees.

<u>Phase 2</u> – **Framework**; create the aspirational outlines of intellectual / design pursuit for IBA projects.

<u>Phase 3</u> – **Property Identification**; catalogue individual properties that will participate in the IBA projects.

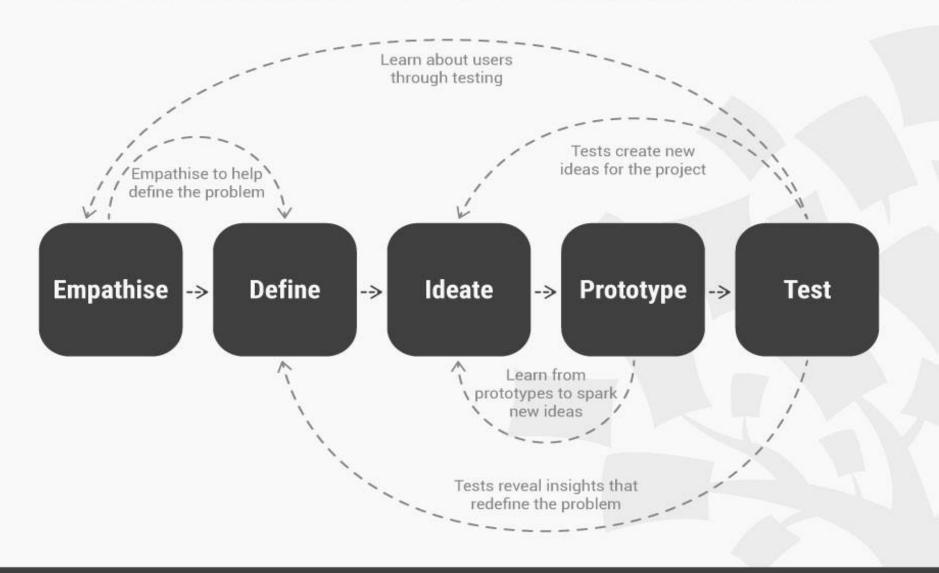
<u>Phase 4</u> – **New Urban Design**; through international competitions for ideas, obtain urban design proposals for individual urban zones identified to be subject of the IBAs. That winner will then be paired with local planning expertise to create a new specific plan, only for the duration and purpose of the IBA.

<u>Phase 5</u> – **Individual Property Assignments**; public properties are made available for development at conditions "too good to refuse"; under the conditions that the developer will build the winning competition projects.

<u>Phase 6</u> – **Design Competitions and Construction**; hold open international architectural design competitions, and chose a winner. That winner will then be paired with a local architect of record, and the project is being built by the private development community.

<u>Phase 7</u> – **The Final Year**; a series of events analyze and celebrate the accomplishments of the IBA; what worked, what failed, what lessons can be learned and what general rules can be extrapolated.

DESIGN THINKING: A NON-LINEAR PROCESS



Design solutions, inspired by successful examples, from as many different places as possible.



Inspire citizens to celebrate change, towards a better future, for all.

https://ecodistricts.org/

www.open-iba.de/en

https://www.iba-wien.at/en/

https://iba.heidelberg.de/english/

https://www.iba27.de/

GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY

Schenectady, N. Y.

HALES OFFICES IN PRINCIPAL CITIES



This Equation Can Help You Solve Your Parking Problem

There's Plenty of Street Space for All the People --But Not for All the Vehicles

sit in solving a city's parking and traffic many as nine streets.

When we think of the traffic problem as problems. One trolley-coach line can carry one of moving people, not vehicles, it's as many people as six typical streets filled easy to see the importance of public tran- with private autos-one street-car line as







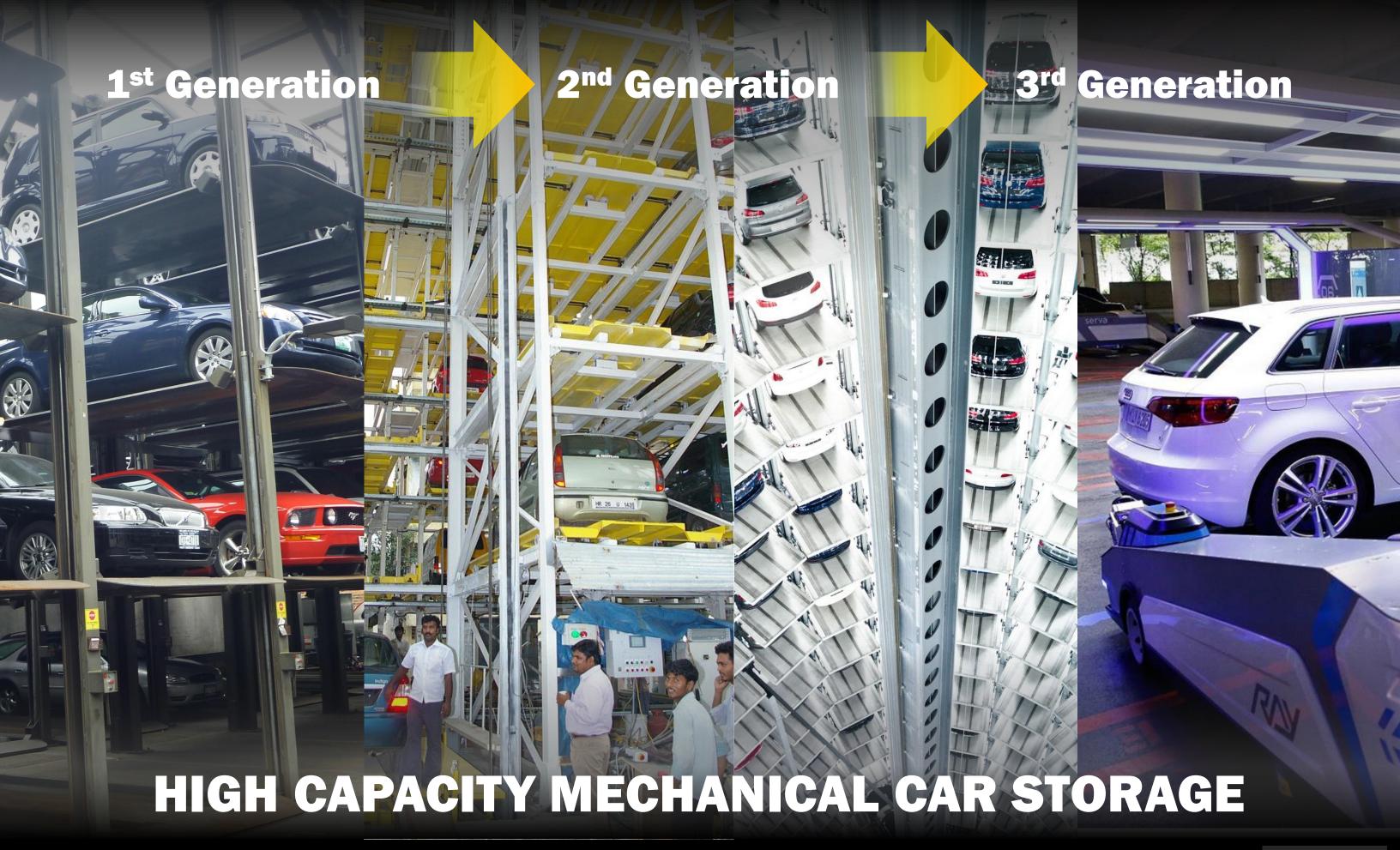
The LA County Parking Crater:

18.6 Million Parking Spots Use 200 Square Miles of Space





URBANPARKING

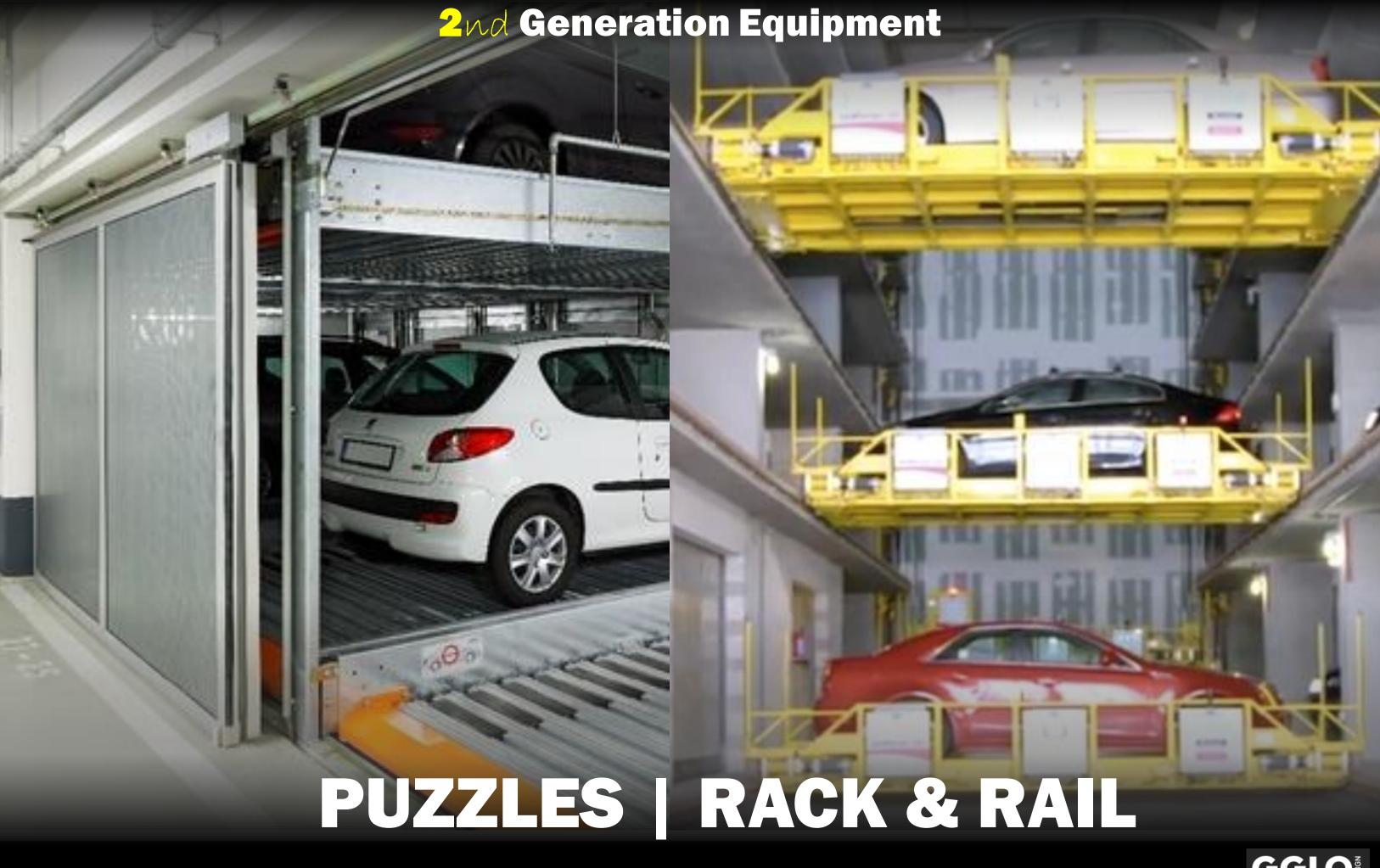




1st Generation Technology **Since 1980s** 'Dependent Access' - Cars are parked by attendants. In general, users do not interact with the equipment. Stored cars are in each others way. Operators have to individually remove obstructing vehicles in order to retrieve your automobile. Heavy equipment, with no logistic intelligence. No user driven app interaction. STACKERS-N.Y.C.







2nd Generation Equipment

- Since 2000s
- 'Independent Access' Users, in general, interact with the equipment.
 - Puzzle lifts for residential applications.
 - High Bay storage facilities (single elevator, or rack and rail) for commercial applications.
- Vehicles can be independently removed, without needing to move other cars out of the way.
- Equipment heavy. Difficult to dismantle or expand.
- System can have logistic intelligence.
- Limited user interaction with apps.

PUZZLES RACK & RAIL

2nd Generation Technology

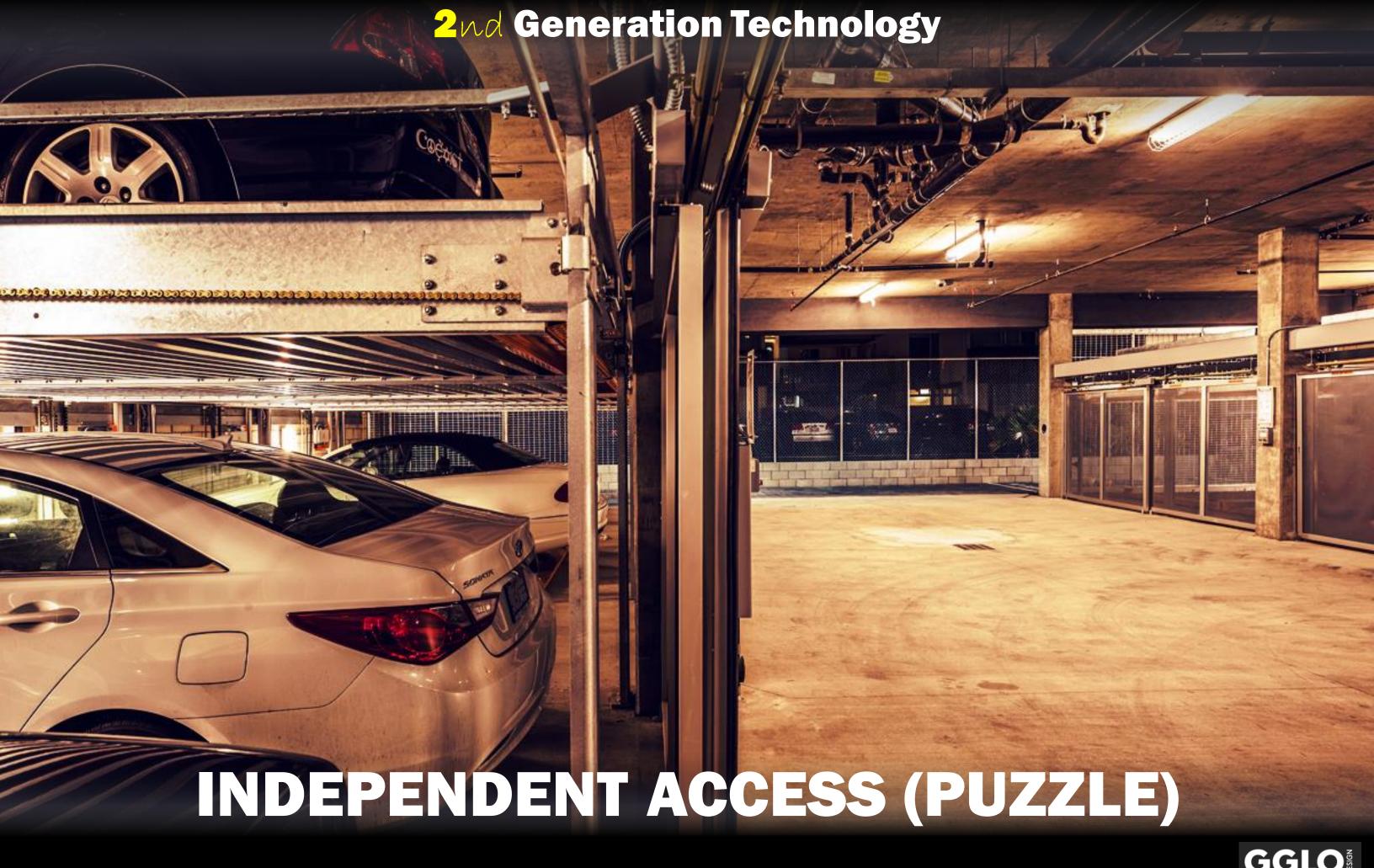


INDEPENDENT ACCESS (PUZZLE)

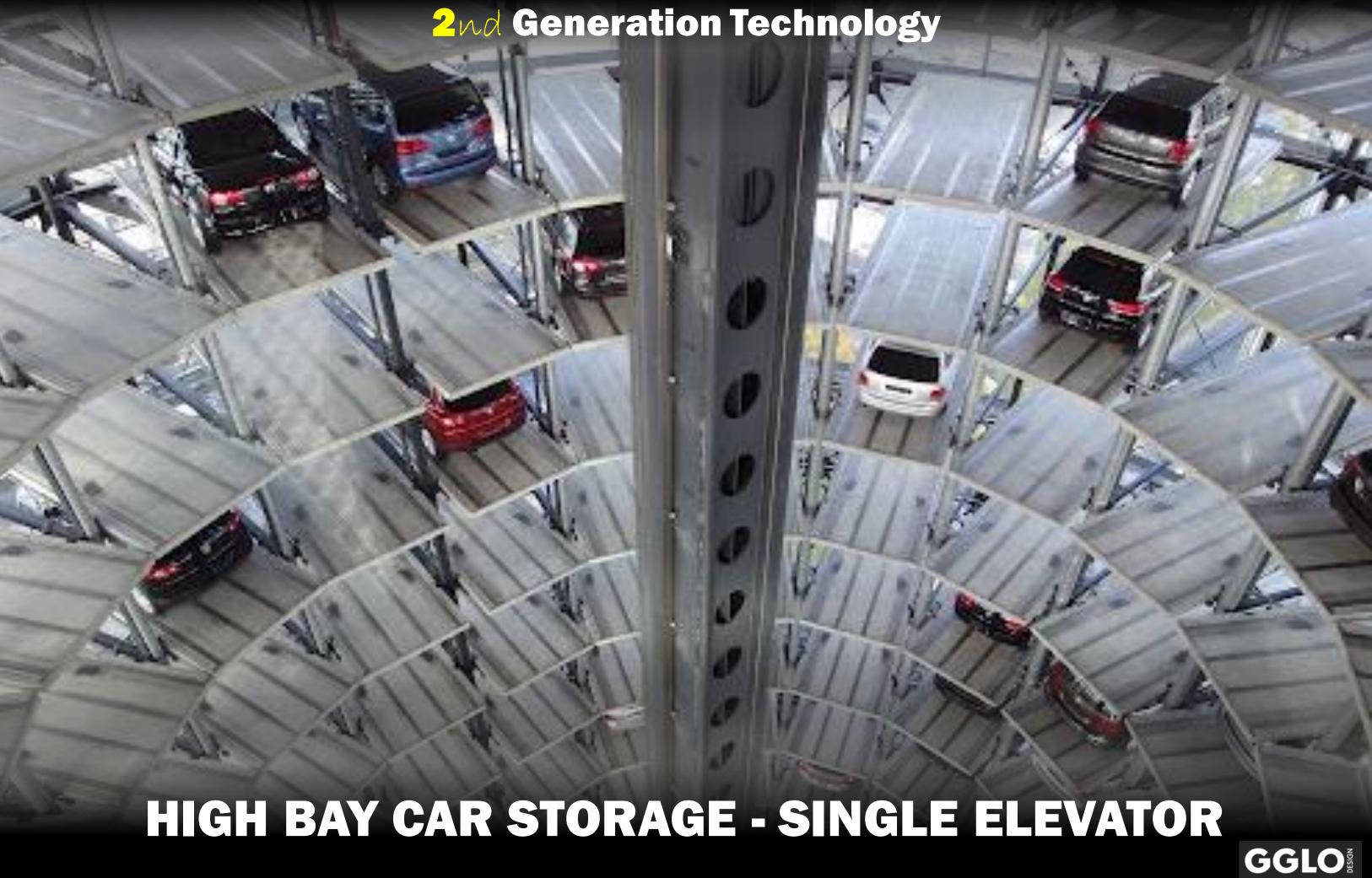
2nd Generation Technology

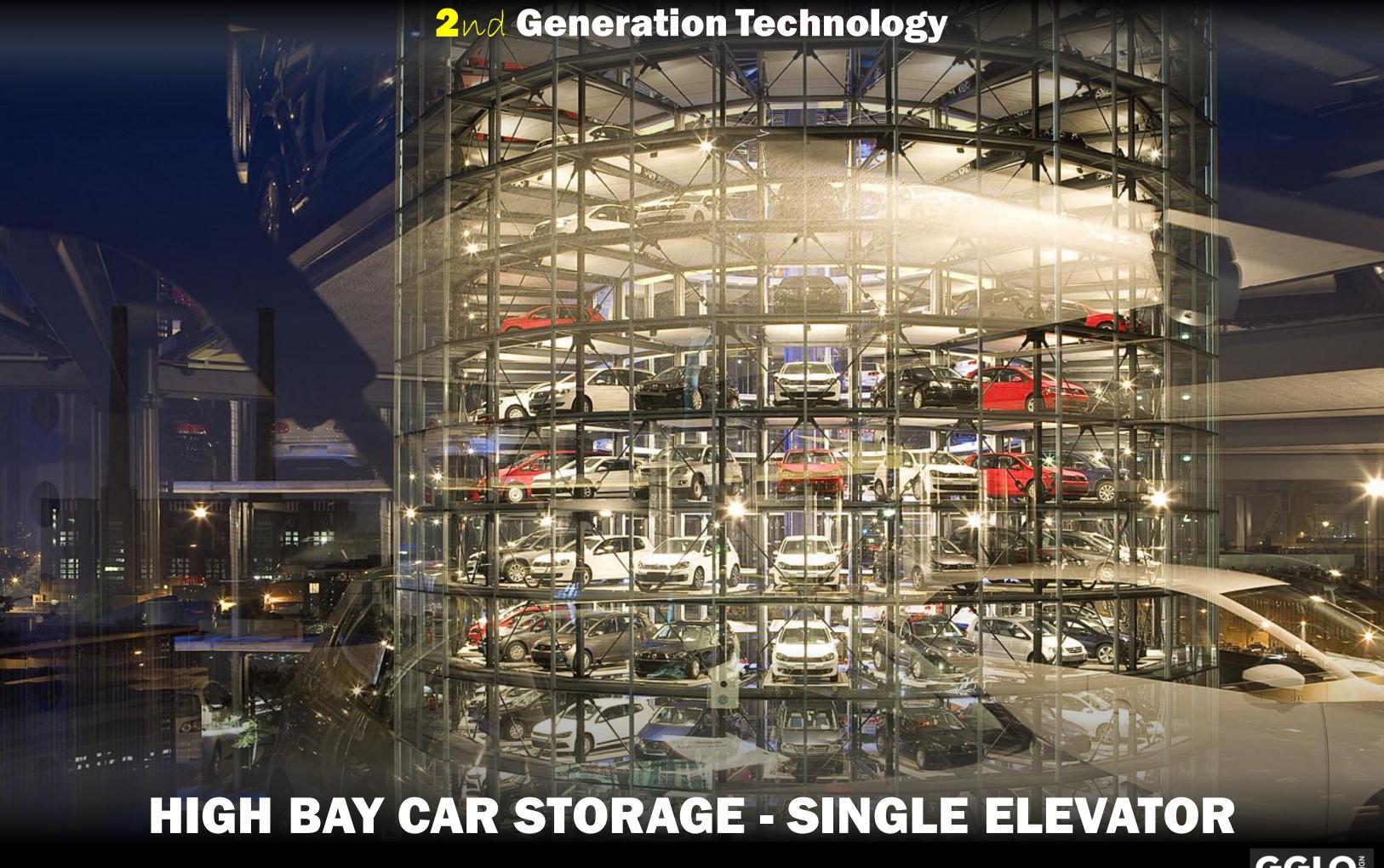


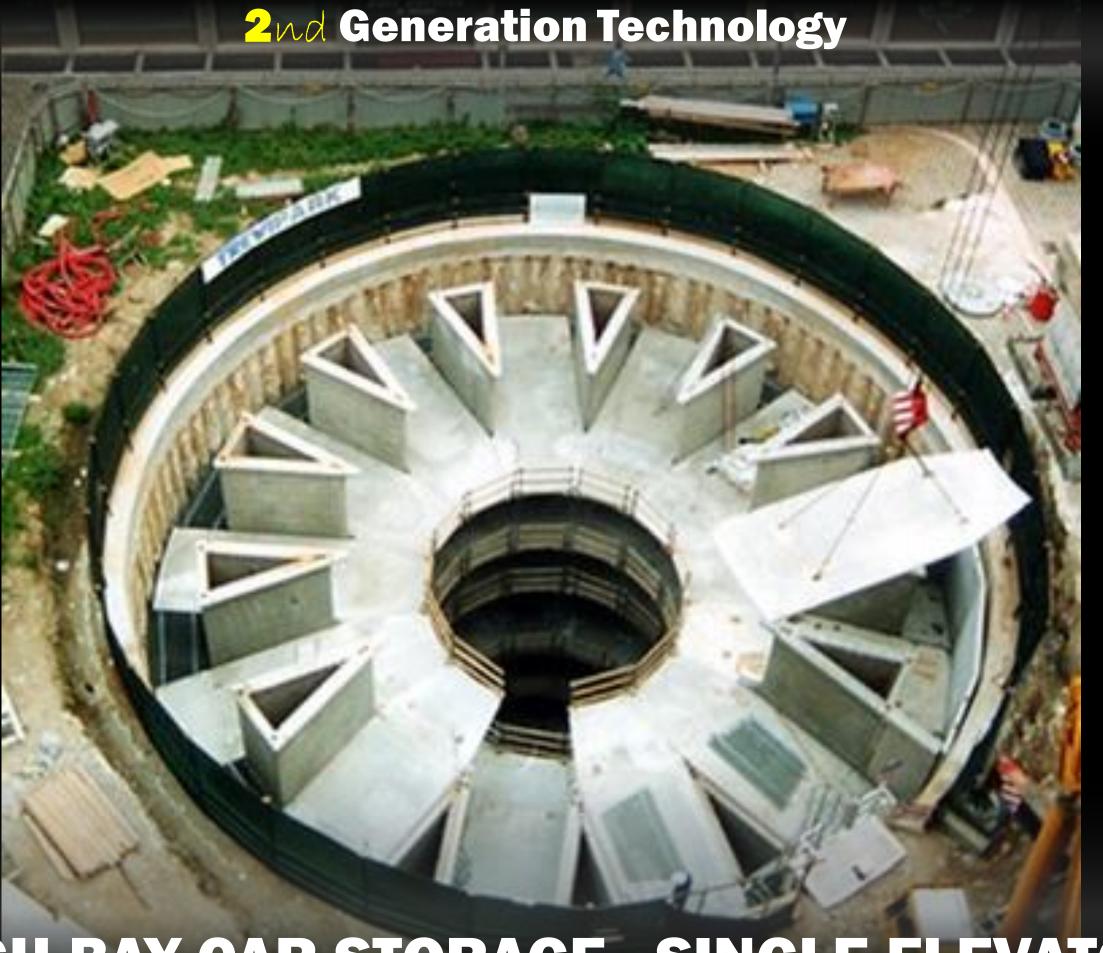
INDEPENDENT ACCESS (PUZZLE)











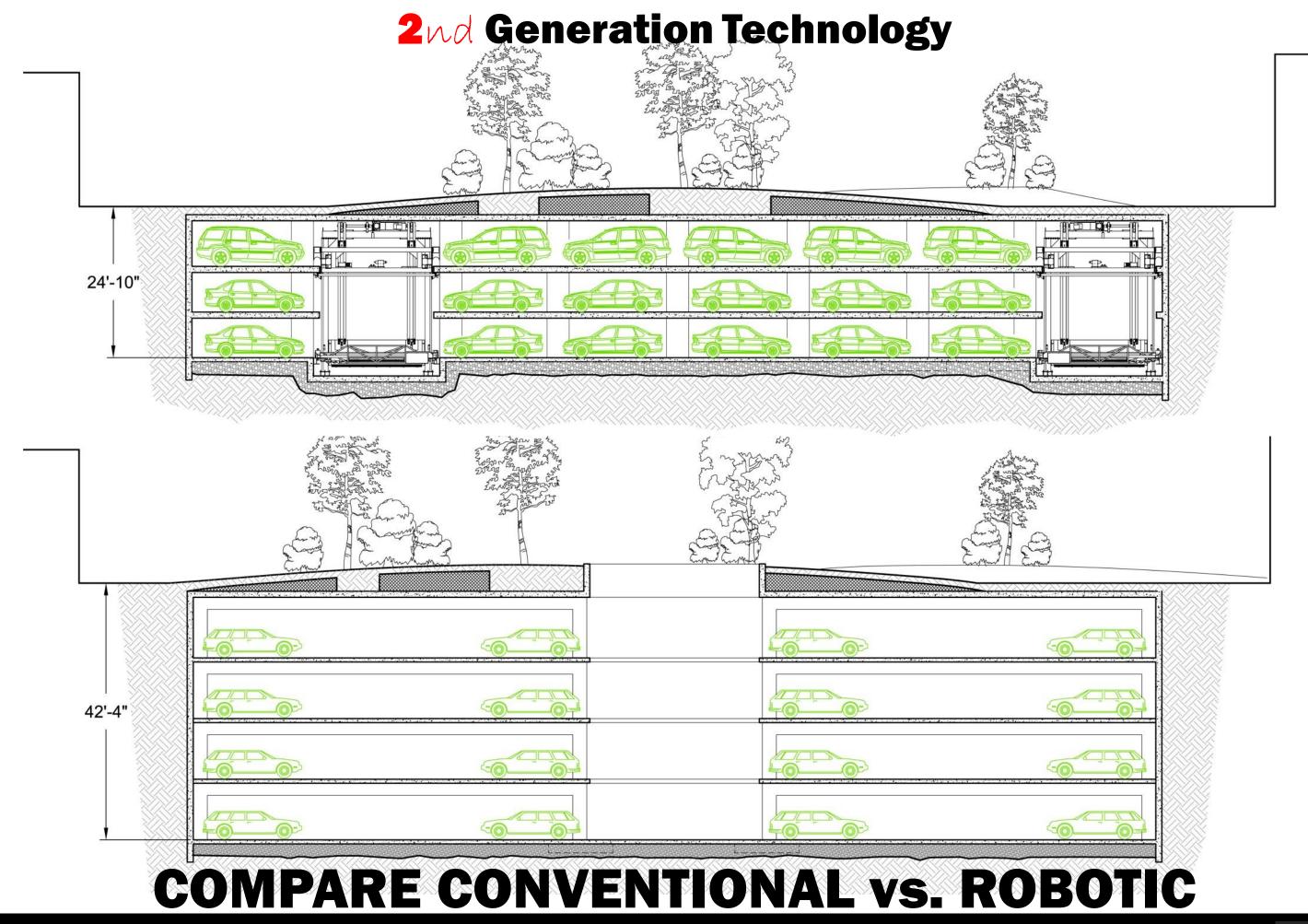
HIGH BAY CAR STORAGE - SINGLE ELEVATOR





2nd Generation Technology

HIGH BAY CAR STORAGE - RACK & RAIL



Automatic Parking - Pricing

Parking System	AUTOMATIC VALET – 2 UG	AUTOMATIC VALET – 3 UG	RACK & RAIL - 3 UG	CONVENTIONAL
Number of spaces (rounded)	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100
Structure square footage	244,412	260,154	310,762	533,662
Core & Shell Price per Square Foot	\$ 146.88	\$ 123.00	\$ 124.85	\$ 111.68
Core & Shell, incl. Landscape allowance TOTAL	\$ 35,900,000	\$ 32,500,000	\$ 38,800,000	\$ 59,600,000
PER SPACE	\$ 32,636	\$ 29,545	\$ 35,272	\$ 54,182
Parking Equipment Hard/Software TOTAL	\$ 16,500,000	\$ 16,500,000	\$ 12,650,500	
PER SPACE	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 11,500	
Core & Shell + Parking Equipment TOTAL	\$ 52,400,000	\$ 49,000,000	\$ 51,450,000	\$ 59,600,000
PER SPACE	\$ 47,636	\$ 44,545	\$ 46,773	\$ 54,182
COST DELTA TO CONVENTIONAL	-\$ 7,200,000	-\$ 10,600,000	-\$ 8,150,000	\$ 0

Notes:

Core and shell price per stall allows for:

- excavation, shoring and dewatering.
- park landscaping
- café pavilion, bike storage
- access ramp

Parking Equipment Hard/Software price per stall allows for:

- High throughput, up to 400 cars per hour
- Average storage & retrieval time of 2-3 minutes per car
- High tech parking control system I phone apps, etc.

Finance Options:

- Traditional Construction/Project Finance will be on balance sheet
- 30 Year leaseback with zero cash requirement to UCSB (off balance sheet)
- design-build services offered by autoParx & team
- Full finance services offered by autoParx & team



UCSB Lot 3 Parking The Library Site

COMPARE CONVENTIONAL vs. ROBOTIC

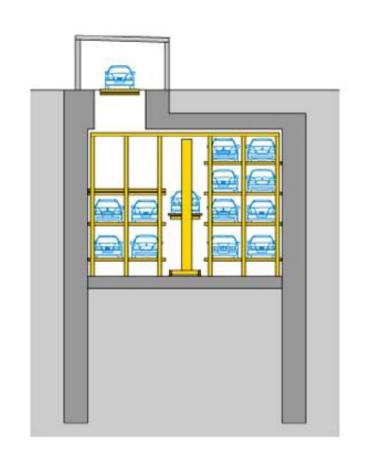


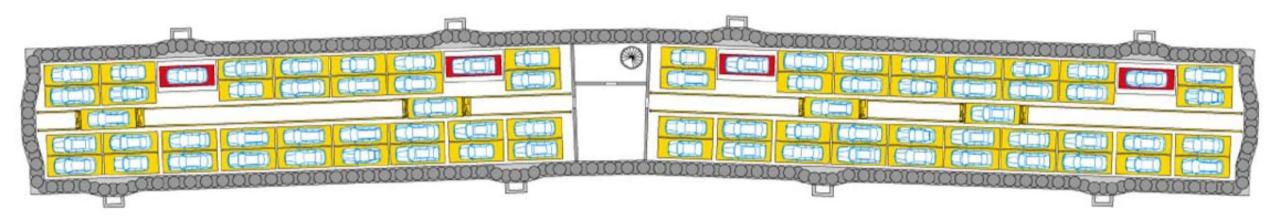






München
Anwohnergarage Donnersbergerstraße
WÖHR Multiparker 740
284 Stellplätze











3rd Generation Technology

AUTONOMOUS PARKING ROBOT

3rd Generation Technology

- Since early 21st century
- Independent, flexible access
- Users, in general, do not interact with the equipment, but with an automatic valet.
- Equipment light; automatic guided vehicles move cars around obstacles and each other.
- System can easily be expanded or dismantled.
- System can have logistic intelligence.
- User interaction with apps.

AUTONOMOUS PARKING ROBOT

3rd Generation Technology



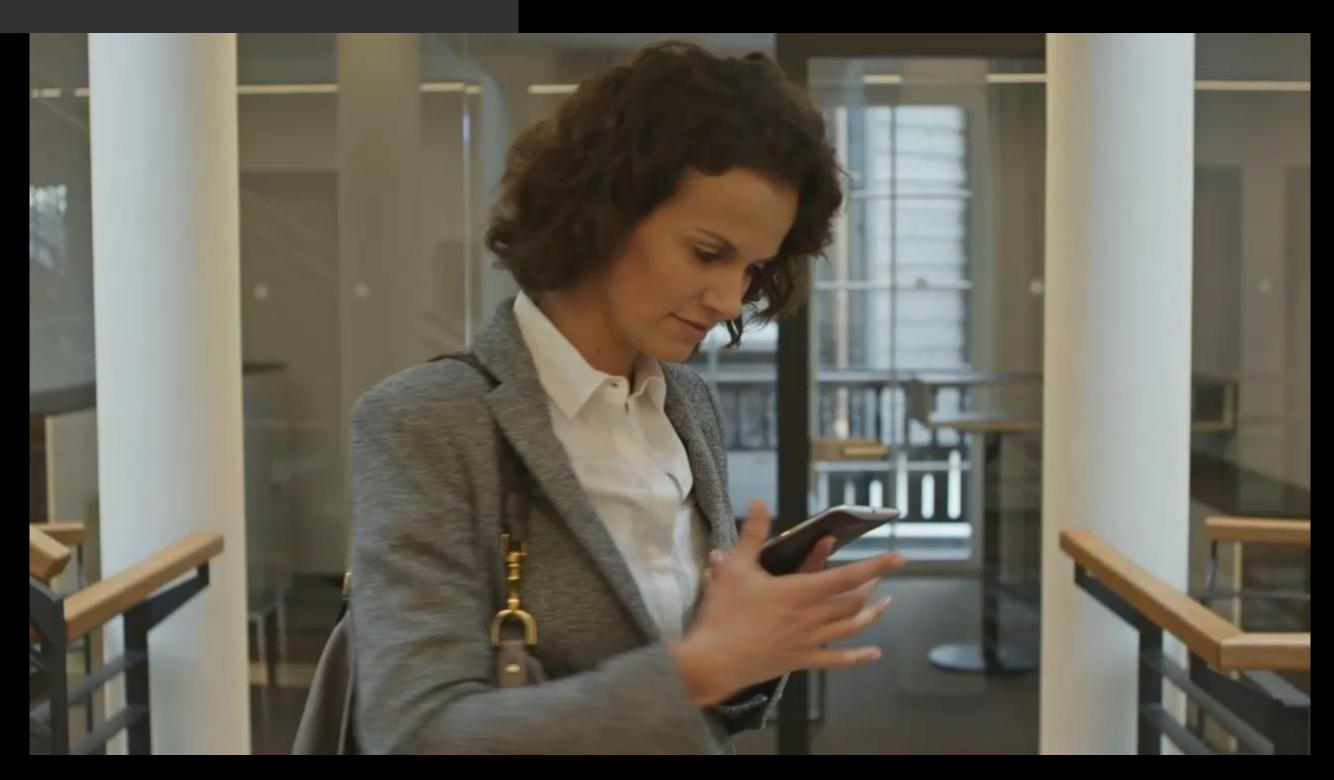
AUTONOMOUS PARKING ROBOT

The user experience is simple and direct: PARK and WALKAWAY



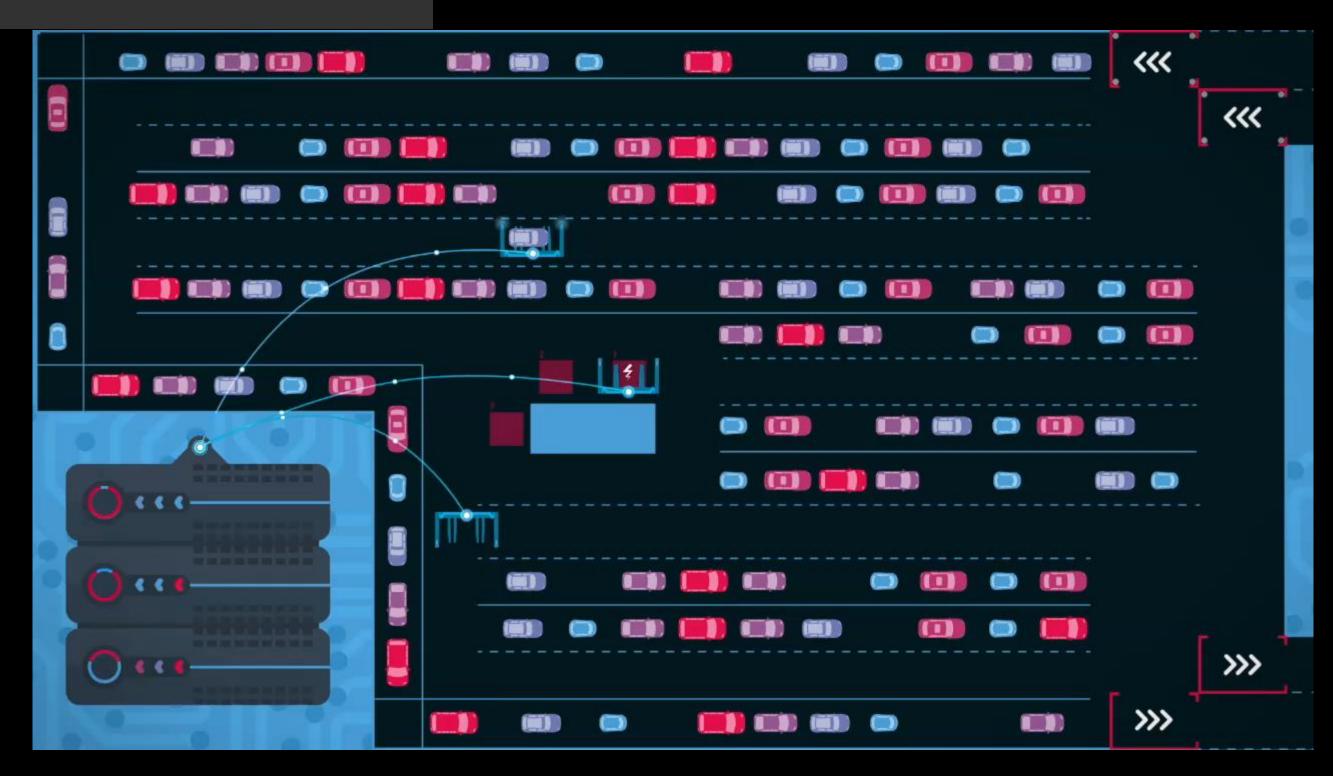


The user experience is simple and direct: Order your car with an APP and DRIVE AWAY





The logistic sophistication happens BEHIND THE SCENES





ADAPTABLE GARAGE - in 2035



RESIDENTIAL UNITS

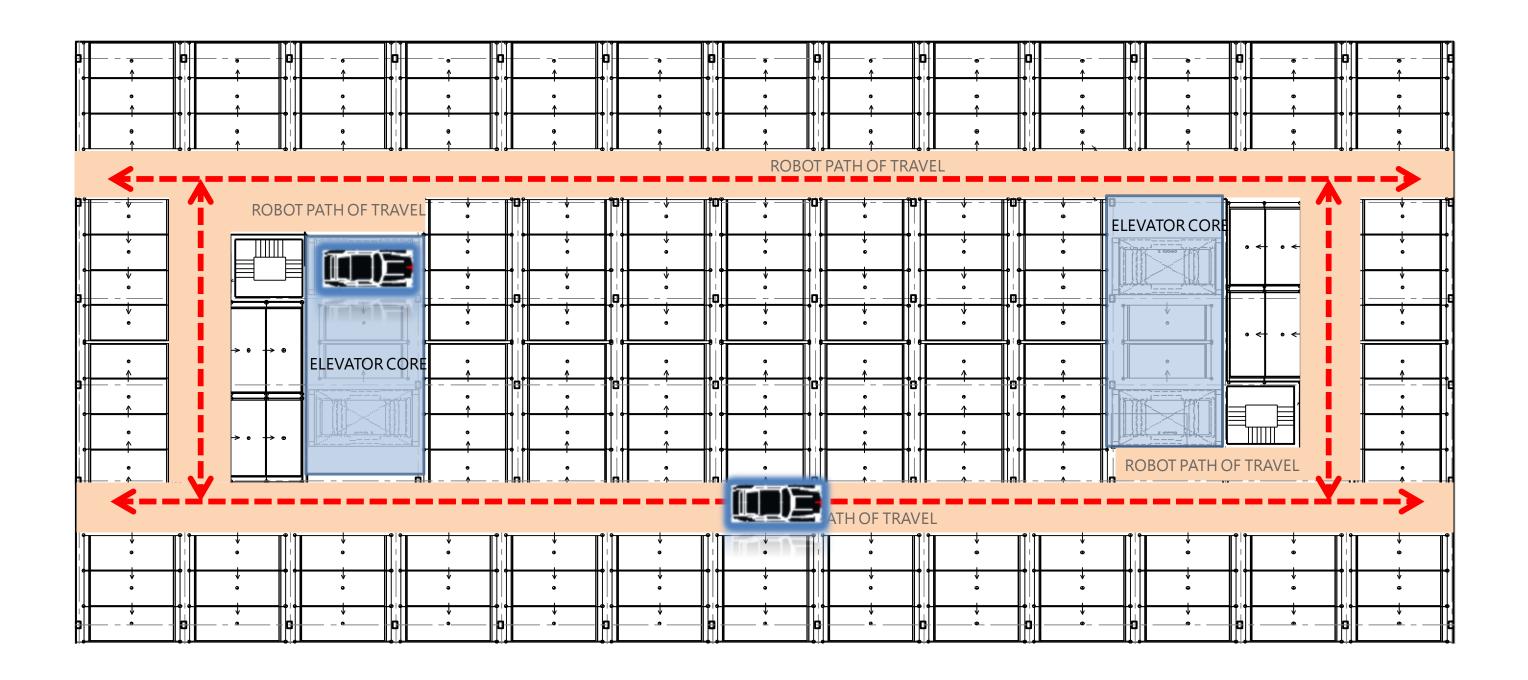
2035 SCENARIO PARKING GARAGE

RESTAURANTS/ RETAIL



ADAPTABLE GARAGE – in 2020

100% PARKING TYPICAL PARKING LEVEL PLAN



ADAPTABLE GARAGE - in 2035

PARKING LEVEL PLAN CONVERSION





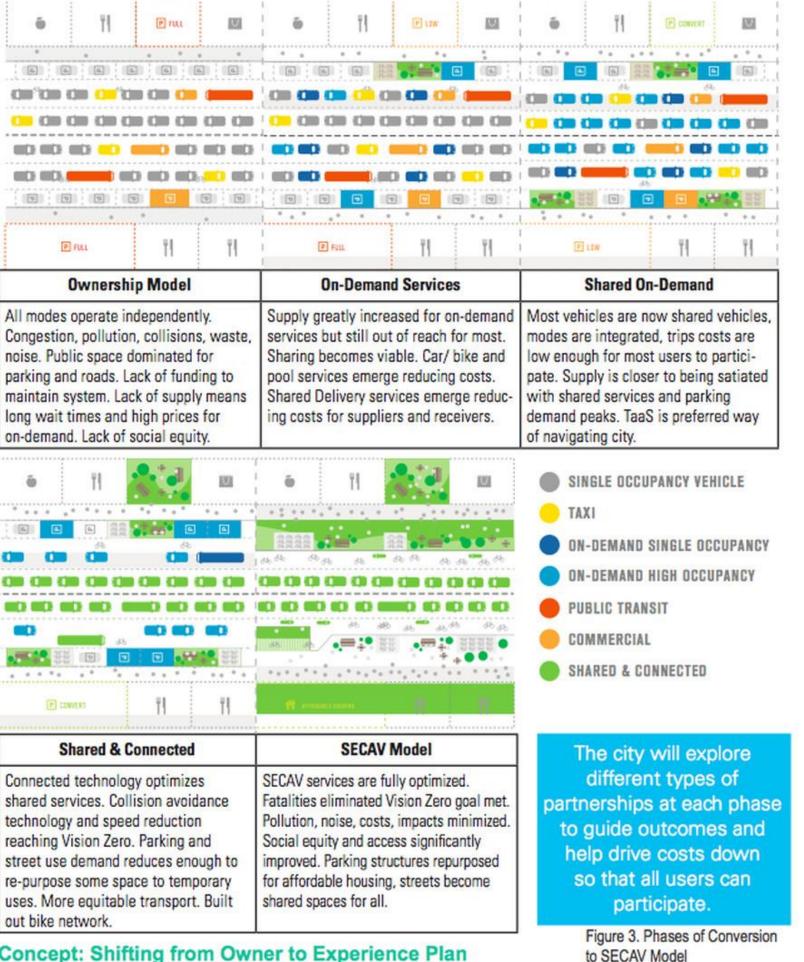


Clearing away space for cars could create room for more bike parking, which is at a premium in central Amsterdam // Kevin Coombs/Reuters

A Modest Proposal to Eliminate 11,000 Urban Parking Spots

FEARGUS O'SULLIVAN MAR 29, 2019

Amsterdam plans to systematically strip its center of parking spaces in the coming years, making way for bike lanes, sidewalks, and more trees.



Concept: Shifting from Owner to Experience Plan

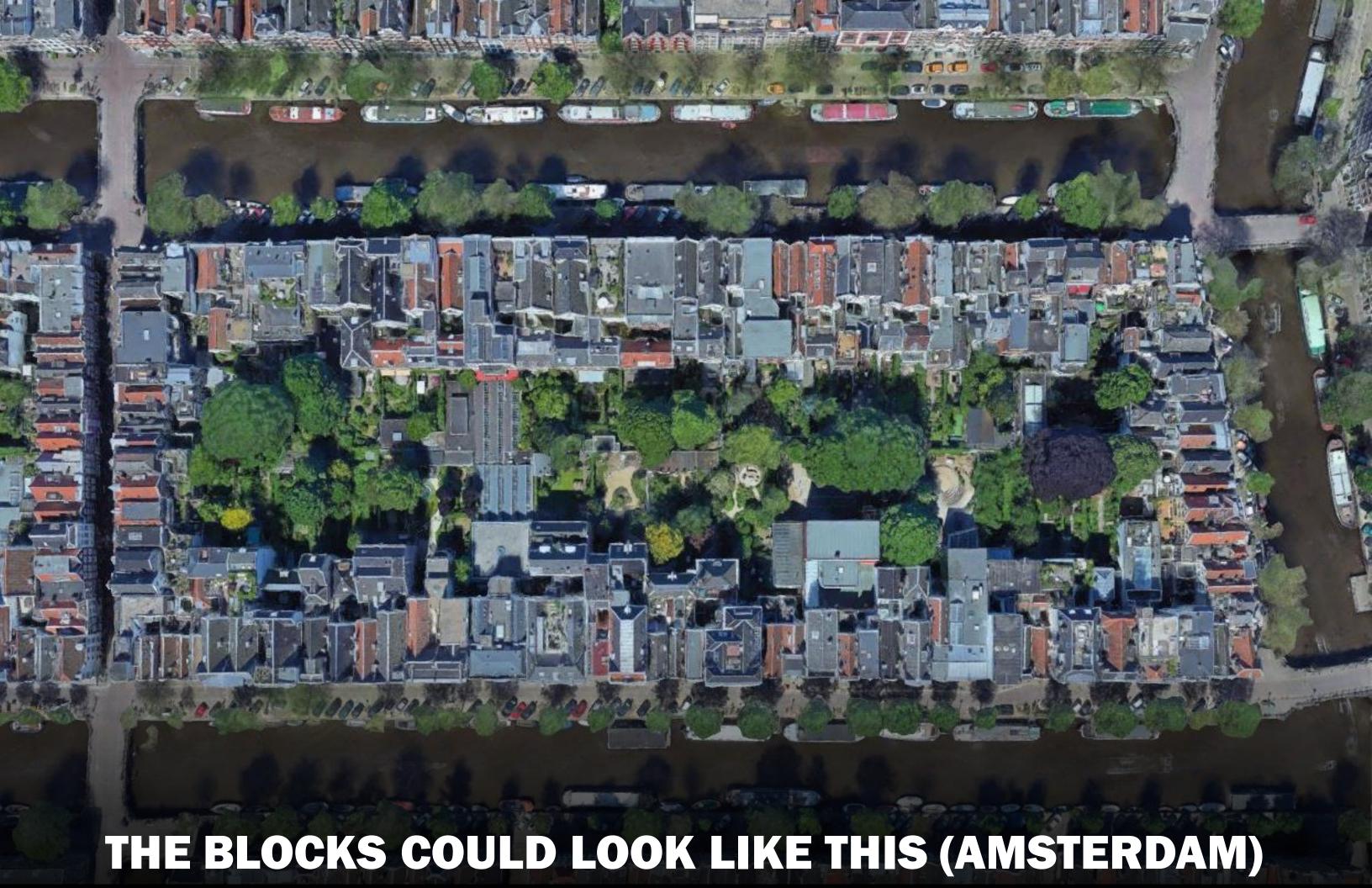
to SECAV Model





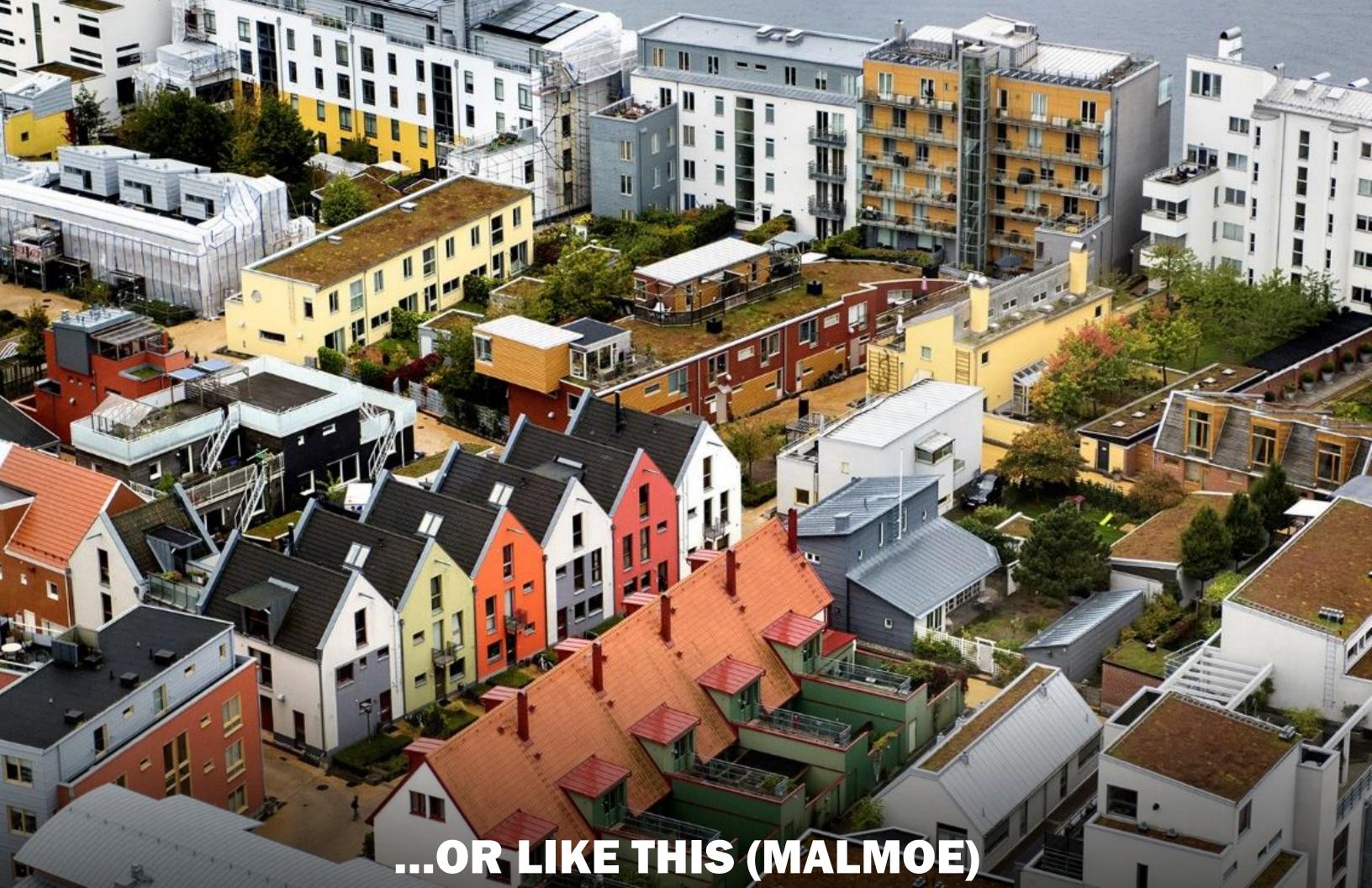






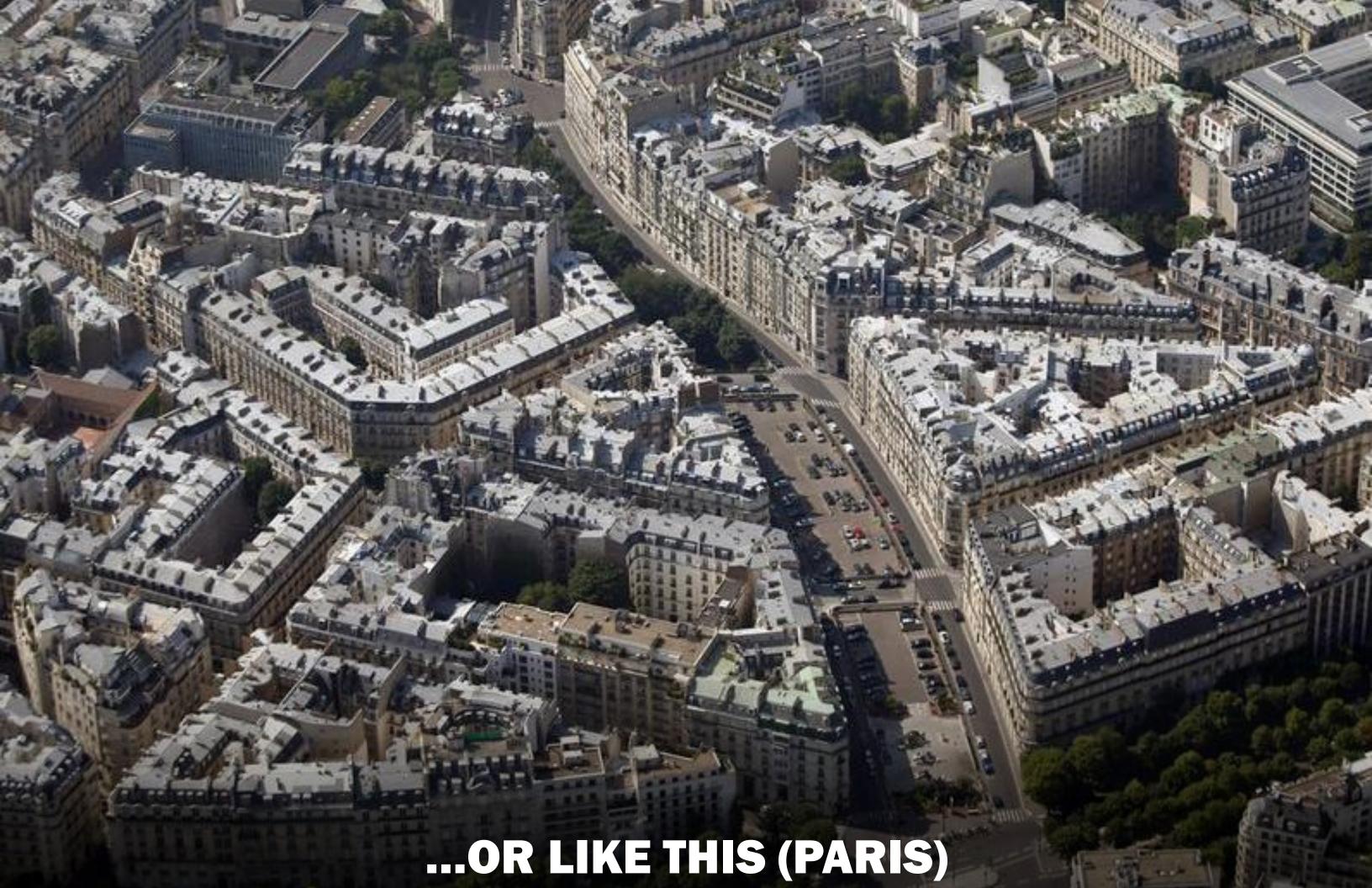




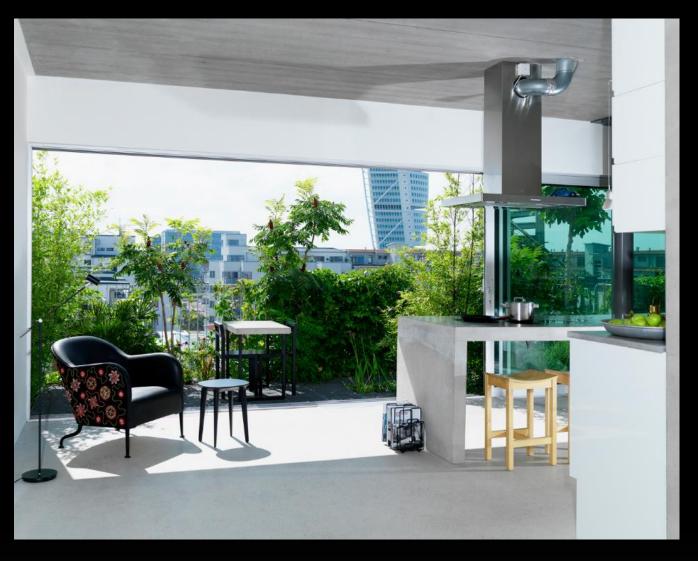












MULTIFAMILY HOUSING WITHOUT PARKING (MALMOE)





U.S. VERSION... (QUEENS - NYC)









